CAPITOL
Bindery,
MANUFACTORY,
Harrisburg, Pa.
exclusively devoted to
and Justices
Tri-annual
bound to order. County
Books will
should give us a call. News-
Harper's Weekly, Gleason's
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Address
F. L. HUNTER,
Harrisburg, Pa.
at the Tribune Office, are my
Strictly. They will give inform-
and receive and return books
all who ent. me their work to
[March 21, 1863-1y

HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS
JOHN McKEAGE, successor to A. W. Kinney,
Manufacturer of all kinds of
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL MARBLE WORK,
at the lowest possible prices. All work finished at this es-
tablishment warranted to give satisfaction.
Hollidaysburg, Dec. 30, 1862-tf.

AND BAKERY!
ERSIGNED ANNOUN-
ens of Altoona and vicinity that he
keeps in store or
CONFECTIONARIES, NUTS, SPICES
&c., &c., expressly for the Holidays.
keeps on hand a good stock of plain
own manufacture.
RUNES, RAISINS, &C.
seasons of the year.
Sugar, Molasses, Butter,
WHITE WHEAT FLOUR,
FLOUR, CORN MEAL, &C.,
for sale in large or small quantities.
price my stock and you will find
as any in town.
JACOB WISE.

ECTIONERY
STER SALOON,
SCRIBER WOULD IN-
ens of Altoona and vicinity that his
NUT and FRUIT STORE, is always
best articles to be had, and in great
to an
ER SALOON
, in which he will serve up OYSTERS
the season.
BREAD & PIES always on hand.
repared to supply cakes, candies, &c.,
parties. He invites a share of public
that he can render full satisfaction to
and saloon is on Virginia street, two
Hall. OTTO ROSSI.

ETTINGER'S
News Agency,
No. 7, MAIN STREET
OKS, BLANK BOOKS,
, CONFECTIONARIES
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IONS IN GREAT VARIETY
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OYD & CO.,
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ON, JACK & CO.,
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ON THE PRINCIPAL
ver and Gold for sale. Collections
on deposites, payable on demand.
on time, with interest at fair rates.

SSLER — PRACTICAL
respectfully announces
ens and the public gen-
rious the Drug business
he keeps constantly
ale and Retail, DRUGS,
ALS, OILS, VARNISHES,
business, and a desire to render sat-
rds price and quality, he hopes to
re of public patronage.
ions supplied on reasonable terms.
sipe promptly attended to.
ons carefully compounded. [1-tf.

POLICE GAZETTE.
rnal of Crime and Criminals is in
d is widely circulated throughout
ains all the Great Trials, Criminal
Editorials on the same, together with
al Matters, not to be found in any
per annum; at for six months, to
ers, (who should write their names
and State where they reside plainly.)
To G. W. MATSELL & CO.,
pr. of New York Police Gazette,
New York City.

BASE.—Having pur-
to manufacture the CORSELITE
ATENT, I am now prepared to
their new and beautiful principle,
to the old style, on silver plate, at
r dissolver. It contains no metallic
urses there is no galvanic action,
ation, however long continued. Persons
wish will please call and examine
W. S. RITTNER.
Office in Masonic Temple, Altoona.

FRIENDS WOULD DO
ur stock and check assort-
GOODS now on hand upon the
MURPHY & TABLER.
Cor. of Virginia and Catharine sts.

LARD OIL CAM-
Fluid, Burning Oil, &c., &c.
KOHLER'S.

T McCORMICK'S Store
clothing.
Nov. 28-tf.

S.—A LARGE AND
of Groceries, &c., &c., has been re-
by the subscriber, at his old stand in
AN.

SHAVING,
Corner of Virginia and Annville sts.
KOHLER'S.

PAINTING
executed in the
ALTOONA TRIBUNE OFFICE.

The Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 7. ALTOONA, PA., TUESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1863. NO. 47.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

J. McCRUM,.....H. C. DERN,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

...per annum, (payable invariably in advance),..... $1,50.
All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time ...id for.

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BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL

ESTABLISHED AS A REFUGE FROM QUACKERY

The Only Place Where a Cure Can be Obtained.

DR. JOHNSON has discovered the most Certain, Speedy and only Effectual Remedy in the world for all Private Diseases, Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsy, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Tremblings, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those Terrible disorders arising from the Solitary Habits of Youth—those secret and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of Young Men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstasy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married Persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformity, &c., speedily cured.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS

immediately Cured, and full Vigor Restored.

This Distressing Affection—which renders Life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of reproduction is lost to her by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes Deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion Constitutional Debility, a Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.

OFFICE, NO. 7 SOUTH FREDERICK STREET,

2nd house side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe name and number.

Letters must be paid and contain a stamp. The Doctor's Diplomas hang in his office.

A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.

No Mercury or Nauseous Drugs.

DR. JOHNSON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsy, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects of the mind are much to be dreaded—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of spirits, Evil-Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

THOUSANDS of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consumption.

YOUNG MEN

Who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are sightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons MUST, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to "that Undiscovered Country from whence no traveller returns."

It is a *melancholy fact* that thousands fall victims to this terrible disease, owing to the unskillfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that *Deadly Poison, Mercury*, ruin the constitution and make the residue of life miserable.

STRANGERS

Trust not your lives or health to the care of the many Unlearned and Worthless Pretenders, destitute of knowledge, name or character, who copy Dr. Johnston's advertisements, or style themselves, in the newspapers, regularly Educated Physicians, incapable of Curing, they keep you trifling month after month, taking their filthy and poisonous compounds, or as long as the smallest fee can be obtained, and in despair, leave you with ruined health to sigh over your galling disappointment.

Dr. Johnston is the only Physician advertising.

His credential or diplomas always hang in his office.

His remedies or treatment are unknown to all others, prepared from a life spent in the great hospitals of Europe, the first in the country and a more extensive *Private Practice* than any other Physician in the world.

INDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.

The many thousands cured at this institution, year after year, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the "Sun," "Clipper," and many other papers, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentlemen of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.

No letters received unless post-paid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply. Persons writing should state age and send portion of advertisement describing symptoms.

Persons writing should be particular in directing their letters to this Institution, in the following manner:

JOHN M. JOHNSTON, M. D.,
Of the Baltimore Lock Hospital, Maryla

The Muse's Bower.

THE CARRIER'S ANNUAL ADDRESS TO THE FRIENDS & PATRONS OF THE Altoona Tribune.

Kind patrons, did you hear that alarm last night?
It startled *me* up in a wild affright—
'Twas the dread alarm of that creaking old bell
That rings for each year a funeral knell.
I was sleeping sweetly in my room alone,
When, mingling its sound with a wail and a groan,
Its notes so discordantly fell on my ear,
That—although a brave lad—I trembled with fear;
And gazing around 'mid the darkness so dread,
I beheld what seemed like a ghost from the dead,
With a face all pallid, and deep lines of care,
And long bony fingers, and snowy-white hair.
A moment I gazed then much calmer I grew,
For that face so pallid I very well knew,
And, though now he no longer seemed in his prime
Yet I could not mistake—'twas old *Father Time*,
That same dear old friend, who oft met me in yore,
But more pallid and sad than ever before;
More trembling his form and more gloomy his mien,
More tattered his garb than I ever had seen;
A tear-drop seemed starting afresh from his eye.
"And fond hopes" he said "are born only to die."
"Ah! how fondly I hoped on last New-Year's day,
That fair Sixty-two, then so youthful and gay,
In mem'ry might stand, when she had long gone,
With much less of gloom than the year Sixty-one.
That hope from my brow, took the sadness it bore
When that dear one had gone t'return never more
And then, Oh! how fondly I clasped to my breast
The new-given year, that I hoped would be bless'd—
Bless'd with th' bright dawnings of plenty & peace;
Bless'd with th' glad hour when war's havoc should cease.
I watched for this as her life sped away;
I watched at the morn and the close of each day;
Swift, I saw her dark wintry hours passing by,
And in Spring-time the sun painting life on her sky:
Then I saw her put on her bright robes of green—
A garment more lovely than that of a queen—
And I wove in her hair mid th' first summer show'rs
A beautiful garland of Earth's fairest flow'rs.
And then wrapp'd around her in plenteous fold
A harvest adorned with the richness of gold.
Over all the mantle of Autumn I threw.
The forest all tinted—the sky bright and blue;
Yet with all this lustre, this beauty and pride,
Sixty-two with sorrowful visage has died—
Aye! has laid her down in her brown leafy bed,
Is numbered with those that forever are dead."
Thus he spake; and again he said with a sigh—
"The fond hopes of earth are born only to die."
Just then he turned to pass out at my door,
But I asked him to stay and converse with me more.
He shook his white head and he answered me "No,
But if more you would hear, with me you must go."
So I drew on my coat and button'd it tight,
And journeyed with him mid the gloom of the night,
Across the dark heath, away over the stream.
I went, half awake and half in a dream,
Until we at last, in the dark forest drear,
Stood side by side with the corpse of the year.
And there as we stood in the silence and gloom
Beside the dead year's *dark* and newly made tomb,
With faltering accents *Old Time* said to me:
"Now hear what you may and see *what* you can see."
And thus he continued to talk to me there
While on his brow, deeper grew each line of care:
"My dear child that is gone—the dead Sixty-two
To each one was kind—to each one was true.
She gave to the sad both a smile and a tear,
And she gave to the weary glad words of cheer;
She scattered the sunshine throughout her brief hours,
And she brought in her hands bright boquets of flowers.
Yet what contrasted sounds have greeted the ear
In the days that are gone, of the fond old year!
On contrasted scenes has she gazed with her eye,
Ere she laid her down on her brown couch to die.
She has heard blessed words in the temple of God
As men dwelt in his love, or bow'd 'neath his rod;
She has heard words of cursing, fearful to tell—
Words which were born in the dark vaults of hell;
And she has heard mirthful songs, when passing by,
In bright halls where wine-cups were sparkling high,
And 'mid scenes of glee where the gay bridal throng
All united in strains of gladness and song;
And she has heard the cry that has gone abroad
From the altar-stone of the living God,
When the walls of Zion seemed ready to fall,
And sin o'er her beauty drew a dark pall.
She has heard the wind at the op'ning of day
As it brushed the dew from the grass away;
She has heard the fierce shriek of wild despair
As it rent with anguish the darkened air;
And she has heard the shouts of wild delight
As to the homeward bound, land came in sight;
She has heard the cry of horror and dread
As the vessel's freight joined the sheeted dead.
When the stormy sky and the briny foam
Watched o'er and wrapp'd them in their long, last home;
She has heard sweet songs of the "Shining Shore"—
And th' musketry rattle and the cannon roar;
And, falling to sleep with her own parting breath,
She has heard deep moans from the pale lips of death.
She looked on th' darkness when night held its sway,
Nor slept while awaiting th' approach of th' day;
She has seen in her course the dawning of morn
When the day from the womb of the night was born;
She has looked on the Sun shedding forth his light
When painting the Earth so gorgeously bright;
She looked on the robes pale Winter had spread
When nature seemed almost to sleep with the dead;
She saw Earth again awake from its sleep,
Smiling with joy or with gladness to weep;
She has seen the flowers in bright beauty bloom
And decay, then carry them back to the tomb;
She has seen joy's fountain in purity flow,
While happiness brilliantly lighted the brow;
She has seen the deserted while tears dimm'd her sight
Still watching in vain 'mid the gloom of the night;
Honest toil she has seen retire to its rest,
While the head but a pillow of straw has press'd;
And designing rogues, near by, she has known,
Resting on satin—but alas! not their own;
The soldier has slept on the cold moist ground,
And contractors on beds 'neath blankets were found!
But such scenes as these have often before
Mark'd years that have gone to return never more.
But ah! scenes much more mournful—scenes much more dread
Have marked the last year as onward it sped;
Th' political sky has been clouded all o'er,
And the seas of conflict have seemed without shore;
Nations upheaving on every hand,
And governments toppling, while thrones merely stand,
And the God that created can only know
What next may occur—where fall the next blow.
In our *once* happy land, the brightest and best
On which did the Sun's golden beams ever rest,
The clouds have been gathering more fearful to view—
Reverses too numerous—successes too few.
When the year Sixty-two was first ushered in,
We hoped ere its close to hear the last din
Of the conflic which then drenched the fields in red gore:
We hoped that war's evils would all have pass'd o'er;
And successes there *were* which seemed to throw light
All over the clouds of treason's dark night.
Fort Donelson fell, but loyal men bled,
And many, ah! many, were found with the dead;
And Old Floyd, who's been stealing this many a day,
Thought best to steal his own carcass away!
He left Gen'ral Buckner to do as he could,
But as for himself, he did as *he would!*
The next thing of note was at Isle Number Ten,
Where Pope captured guns, ammunition and men.
Like at Babylon once—they there turned aside
The waters that flow in an on-rushing tide,
And made it an instrument mightily strong,
To forward the work of Freedom along.
At Winchester, too, we the battle-field gained,
But with many hearts saddened—many garbs stained.
Then Pea Ridge in history first wrote its name,
And gave to its heroes a world-wide fame.
At Shiloh again the contest we won,
But 'twas only by deeds of valor 'twas done,
For thousands had sunk with an upheaving sigh—
The dead ones to sleep, and the wounded to die.
And Yorktown, that spot in our history so dear,
Was the scene of a conflict within th' last year.
McClellan then before Richmond sat down,
While his deep-mouth'd guns in anger did frown;
But malaria swept through his camps its fierce tide,
And warriors unslain, from diseases there died,
Till disappointment did his plans disarrange,
And he was compelled his position to change.
Seven days did he fall most skillfully back,
But crimson and gore was left in his track.
Aye! there thousands fell, from their homes far away—
No mothers to soothe and no fathers to pray.
Fort Jackson, Fort Phillips and New Orleans fell,
And Butler threw over the "Crescent" a spell,
For in th' proud city he made proclamation
Which created a noise all over the nation;
But still, all unmoved, the old hero stands forth
And battles his foes both in South and the North.
At Roanoke Island Burnside was best,
Although in a very rough garb he was dress'd;
He led his men forth in battle array,
And *Wise* thought it best to hasten away.
Banks down Virginia's fair vale did retreat,
Lest, outnumbered, he there might suffer defeat.
Rapidly backward his movement he made,
Yet many were left in death lowly laid,
From their homes far away, on Virginia's plain,
On the many red fields where were heaped up the slain.
Both Corinth and Bull Run were re-bathed in blood—
The first with success, the last not so good!
We were forced again with reluctance to yield,
And fell back from Bull Run's twice crimsoned field.
Then Rebellion, lifting its satanic form,
Determined fair Liberty's Temple to storm.
With haste they cross'd over Potomac's swift tide,
And landed their troops on the Maryland side;
They threatened the Keystone to pluck from the arch,
And *straight into Boston* their legions to march!
But "Mac" was sent out their divisions to meet,
And he made them back to Virginia retreat—
But not till Antietam was written in gore
On history's page for time ever more.
Then into Pennsylvania Stewart made a dash,
With movement as brave as to us it seemed rash;
And as the militia had all marched away,
A few of our towns under tribute did lay.
"Little Mac" was removed and Burnside commands,
And soon the surrender of Fred'ric demands!
But rebellion was yet unwilling to yield,
And hotly with Burnside contested the field.
Brave battle was done on that blood-crimsom'd plain,
But efforts were spent and blood shed in vain.
Great discussion arose on whom blame should fall,
But Burnside has nobly taken it all.
On the water, the Merrimac's deeds I might tell,
How the Monitor met her, timely and well;
How the Lawrence went down 'mid the dark rushing waves,
And many brave hearts on her deck found their graves;
How the Merrimac then was encompass'd around,
And in th' same wat'ry shroud a resting place found.
But were I the hist'ry of last year to write,
When a thousand pages were unroll'd to your sight,
I still would have use for my pages and pen,
For the history still would be imperfect then.
Let us fondly hope and pray unto God,
That soon He will raise his chastening rod;
Cause war, with its horrors and havoc to cease,
And shed o'er Sixty-three bright beams of peace.
But, friends, do not wait till that joyous time come
To pay up the printer and gladden his home—
And Oh! don't mix my bright hours with alloy,
By entirely forgetting the CARRIER BOY.

JANUARY 1st, 1863.

Select Miscellany.

"CHALK YOUR BOBBINS."

Every one knows that Sir Robert Peel, father of the late Prime Minister of England, and grandfather of the present baronet, made his money by cotton-spinning. In the early part of his career his business was not remarkable extensive, but suddenly he made a tremendous start, and soon distanced all his rivals. He grew immensely rich, as we all know, but we do not all know the lucky accident to which he was indebted for his enormous wealth.

In the early days of cotton-spinning machinery, a great deal of trouble used to be caused by filaments of cotton adhering to the bobbins or tapes, which then formed portions of the looms. These filaments accumulating, soon clogged the wheels and other parts of the machinery, and rendered it necessary that they should be cleared, which involved frequent stoppages and much loss of time.

The great desideratum was to find out some plan of preventing this clogging by the cotton, and Sir Robert, or Mr. Peel, as he then was, spent vast sums in experiments. He employed some of the ablest machinists in the kingdom—among them James Watt—who suggested various corrections, but in spite of all they could do, the inconvenience remained—the cotton would adhere to the bobbins, and the evil appeared to be insurmountable.

Of course these delays seriously affected the wages of the operatives, who, on Saturdays, generally came short in proportion to the stoppages during the previous days. It was noticed, however, that one man always drew his full pay—his work was always accomplished—in fact, his loom never had to stop, while every other in the factory was idle. Mr. Peel was informed of this, and knew there must be a secret somewhere. It was important that it should be discovered, if possible.

The man was watched but all to no purpose; his fellow-workmen tried to "pump" him, but they couldn't; at last Mr. Peele sent for the man into his private office.

He was a rough Lancashire man—unable to read or write—little better than a mere animal. He entered the "Presence" pulling his forelock; and shuffling on the ground with his great clumsy wooden shoes.

"Dick," said Mr. Peel, "Ferguson, the overlooker, tells me that your bobbins are always clean—is that so?"

"E's, Master, 't be."

"Well, Dick, how do you manage it—have you any objection to let me know?"

"Why, Master Pill, 't be a soart o' secret loike, ye see, and if oi told, t'others'd know's much as oi," replied Dick, with a cunning grin.

"Of course, Dick, I'd give you something if you'll tell me—and if you can make all the looms in the factory work as smoothly as yours."

"Ev'ry one'n them, Master Pill."

"Well, what shall I give you? Name your price, Dick, and let me have your secret."

Dick grinned, scratched and shook his great head, shuffled for a few minutes, while Mr. Peel anxiously awaited his reply. The cotton lord thought his servant would probably ask a hundred pounds or so, which he would most willingly have given him. Presently Dick said:

"Well, Master Pill, I'll tell 'ee all about it, if you'll give me——a quart o' beer a day as long as I'm in the mills—you'll save that ten."

Mr. Peel rather thought he should, and quickly agreed to the terms.

"You shall have it Dick."

"Well, then," said Dick, first looking cautiously round to see that no one was near—"this it be," and putting his lips close to Mr. Peel's ear, he whispered: "Chalk your bobbins!"

That was indeed the great secret. Dick had been in the habit of furtively chalking his bobbins; which simple contrivance had effectualy prevented the adherence of the cotton. As the bobbins were white, the chalking had escaped detection.

Mr. Peel was a sagacious man, and saw through the affair at glance. He at once patented the invention, had "chalking" machinery contrived, and soon took the lead in the cotton spinning department. This was the foundation of his princely fortune. It is but right to add that he pensioned off Dick handsomely.

☞ Boldness with discretion secureth an ultimate success.

MARY MALONEY'S IDEA OF A LOVER.

"What are you singing for?" said I to Mary Maloney.

"Oh, I don't know ma'am, without its because my heart feels happy."

"Happy are you, Mary Maloney?—Let me see, you don't own a foot of land in the world."

"Foot of Land is it?" she cried, with a hearty Irish laugh. "Oh what a hand ye be after joking! why, I haven't a penny, let alone the land."

"Your mother is dead."

"God rest her soul, yes," replied Mary Maloney with a touch of the genuine pathos. "May the angels make her bed in heaven."

"Your brother is still a hard case, I suppose."

"Ah, you may well say that. It is nothing but drink, drink, and beating his poor wife, that she is poor creature."

"You have to pay your sister's board."

"Sure, the bit creature, and she is a good little girl, is Hinney, willing to do whatever I axes her; I don't grudge the money that goes for that."

"You haven't many fashionable dresses, either, Mary Maloney?"

"Fashionable, is it? Oh, I put a piece of whalebone in my skirt, and the calico gown looks as big as the great ladies. But then ye say true, I haven't but two gowns to me back, two shoes to me feet, and one bonnet to me head, baring the old hood ye gave me."

"You haven't any lover, Mary Maloney?"

"Oh be off wid ye!—ketch Mary Maloney getting a lover these days when the hard times is come. No, thank heavon, I ain't got that to trouble me yet. Nor I don't want it."

"What on earth, then, have you got to make you happy? A drunken brother, a poor helpless sister, no mother, no father, no lover—why, where do you get all your happiness from?

"The Lord be praised, miss, it growed up in me. Give me a bit of sunshine, a clean flure, and I'm made. That makes me laugh and sing. And then if deep troubles come, why, God helpin' me, I'll try to keep my heart up. Sure it would be a sad thing if Patrick McCuire should take it into his head to ax me, but the Lord willin' I'd try to bear up under it."

The last speech upset my gravity.—The idea of looking upon a lover as an affliction was so droll. But she was evidently sincere, having the example of her sister's husband and her drunken brother.

HOW HE GOT HIS WIFE.

John W——— was, or is, a genius.—He made quite a pile in the Mexican war, and invested it in a canal boat running on the Ohio Canal. John was a batchelor, but in course of time was smitten by the little god. An old farmer, who lived in the "heal" path, near Masillon, had two rosy-cheeked daughters, but all attempts to gain an introduction by their admirers, were foiled by the old man. But John was not discouraged. A large chunk of beef bought off the mastiff, and John proceeded to deliberately appropriate the various articles hanging on the clothes line. Chemizetts and stockings, breeches, shirts and things were crowded in inglorious confusion into the capacious bag carried by John on this occasion. They were brought aboard the boat and placed in the "bow cabin," to pave the way for an introduction on the return trip.

A week after the boat passed the farm house on its way south; and John jumped ashore and went to the house. He represented that one of his drivers had stolen the clothing; that he had discharged him, and desired to restore the articles. The ladies were delighted, as the sack contained all their "Sunday fixings." The old man said:

"I always thought that all the boatmen would steal; and I am delighted to find one honest one. You must call again, captain."

The captain did call again, and soon after married the "youngest."

On the wedding night, he told his wife the *ruse* he had used to gain an introduction, and the old man gave orders that no more clothing should be left 'out o' nights.'

A CLEVER CHAP.—A gentleman from the country, stopping at one of the hotels in Cincinnati, entered into conversation with one of the boarders, asking questions about the fare, etc. After a few minutes' conversation, the boarder drew his cigar case, saying—

"Will you take a cigar, sir?"

"Well, I don't mind if I do," was the reply.

The cigar was handed to him; also the one which our boarder was smoking, for the purpose of giving him light. He carefully placed the cigar first handed him in his pocket, and took his knife and cut off the end of the lighted one which had been in the mouth of his friend, and commenced smoking, saying—

"It ain't often a man from the country runs afoul of as clever a fellow in the city as you are."

A KIND ACT AND ITS REWARD.

The Cleveland *Plaindealer* sketches an incident that lately occurred on one of the railroads running through Ohio. The sketch is interesting though it is impersonal:

The car is full of well-dressed aristocratic passengers. The conductor enters, and proceeds to collect the accustomed fare. Presently he comes to a lady in deep mourning, traveling with three children, and calls for her ticket. The lady quickly puts her hand in her pocket for the same, but it was gone, with the wallet containing all her money, within which the ticket had been placed for safe keeping. The lady is of an exceedingly modest, retiring disposition, and in an agitated manner explains why she cannot pay the fare. The conductor is one of your hard-hearted kind—one of those men without a particle of feeling—and without taking into consideration any of the palliating circumstances of the case, rung the bell, stopped the train, and the young woman and her little ones were ordered from the car. The engineer had not been an uninterested spectator of the scene. He had left the engine and advanced to where the lady was standing, looking so distressed and friendless. The engineer had a big warm heart. Putting his hand in his pocket he produced a fifty dollar guld piece, and handing it to the lady, remarked:

"Here, madam, take this and get into the car. It is shameful that you should be thus treated."

The lady hesitated about receiving it, but was in a desperate strait; and after showering numberless thanks on the noble engineer, insisted on receiving his name and address. She then returned to her seat in the car, and went on her way.

About a month from this time the engineer received a note requesting him to call at the express office, and take from thence a package addressed to him. He did so. Upon opening the package he found it contained fifty dollars and an elegant gold watch, seals and chain. Upon the inside of the case was inscribed the Golden Rule, the substance of which is, "To do unto others as ye would wish others to do unto you."

A HEAVY OFFICER.

The other day, coming in from Milwaukie, Olin was conductor of the train, which bore, besides a large load of passengers, a gold-laced chap belonging to Pope's staff. He was a dapper little fellow, with style, but he couldn't rest at ease. As the conductor was passing through the cars, said Mr. Staff Officer:

"Look heah, conductaw! I paid for a first-class caw! purchased a first-class ticket, and want a better caw than this to ride in!"

"This is a first-class car, sir."

"Well, I don't see it! This is a second-class caw. I have *traveled!*"

"Did you ever see a second-class car cushioned and carpeted—occupied by gentlemen and ladies, before?"

"Don't know—but I want two seats—these are all fast, so I can't turn them. It is not a first-class caw."

"Who are you, sir?"

"I am one of Gen. Pope's staff, sir!"

"Well, sir, I am sorry you are not pleased. Had the Railroad Company known you were coming, you should have had a new car built expressly for you—with something *very soft* to lean your head on. If you don't like this train, I will let you step off and wait for a *first-class caw*—which will be on the next freight!"

This being a staff officer is a big thing—where a fellow can take style, and draw more pay than blood.—*La Crosse Democrat.*

LUMINOUS.—"He made a few desultory remarks," said the schoolmaster. Mrs. Partington stopped suddenly in the bustle she was making around the table for tea, and gazed over her specks thoughtfully at him. Leaning on a plate edgewise, as if to enforce her views by the support it gave her, "I suppose it was because he was weak," said she; "but Ayre's pills will cure him. I never knew 'em to fail. They are very solitary in such cases."

"Really, madam," replied he, "I cannot guess your meaning."

"You said dysentery," said she, laying down the plate and putting a spoon in the preserves. "I said desultory," said he, smiling; "quite a different thing."

"No matter," said she, looking up in time to box Ike's ears, who was putting paper down the chimney of the kerosene lamp. "The pills are good for both I dare say, for they cure almost all the diseases in the cornucopia."

☞ "My son," said Spriggles, senior, to Spriggles, junior, thinking to enlighten the boy on the propagation of the hen species, "my son, do you know that chickens come out of eggs?" "Do they?" said Spriggles, junior, "I thought eggs came out of chickens." Thus ended the first lesson.

☞ We should entertain no thoughts which we would blush at in words.

Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1863.

The President's Proclamation.

Those who imagined that the President would, about the first of January, 1863, "back down" from his proclamation of the 22d of September last, have been somewhat deceived. They knew the President to be a man of his word, but they could not bring themselves to believe that he would really carry out this proclamation, and thereby give the rebellion one of the severest blows it has received. In vain did the Northern friends of the South seek to create disaffection in the loyal portion of the Union by commenting upon, ridiculing, and opposing the proclamation of Sept. 22d. The South hoped to see a division in the North. Northern people with Secesh proclivities stormed, and raved, and told their Southern friends that the President would soften the proclamation on or before the first of January. But has he done so? No, sir; and we honor him the more for it. And where's the fuss in the North the issuing of the second proclamation was to kick up? Alas! it only hits within the lines of Jeff Davis' dominions. All the fuss is "down thar." If the Northern sympathizers with Secesh wish to see the fuss the Emancipation Proclamation of Abraham Lincoln has created, they must visit their friends in those States and portions of States mentioned in the last proclamation. We have more hope to-day of the speedy crushing out of the rebellion than we ever had before.

After referring to his proclamation of the 22d Sept., the President proclaims:

Now, therefore, I, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President of the United States, by virtue of the power in me vested as Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, in time of actual armed rebellion against the authority and Government of the United States, and as a fit and necessary war measure for suppressing the said rebellion, do, on this the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and, in accordance with my purpose so to do, publicly proclaim, for the full period of one hundred days from the day first above mentioned, order and designate as the States and parts of States wherein the people thereof respectively are this day in rebellion against the United States, the following, to wit:—

Arkansas, Texas, Louisiana, (except the parishes of St. Bernard, Plaquemines, Jefferson, St. James, Ascension, Assumption, Terrebonne, Lafourche, St. Martin and Orleans, including the city of New Orleans), Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina and Virginia (except the forty-eight counties designated as West Virginia, and also the counties of Berkley, Accomac, Northampton, Elizabeth City, York, Princess Ann and Norfolk, including the cities of Norfolk and Portsmouth), and which excepted parts are for the present left precisely as if the proclamation were not issued.

And by virtue of the power and for the purpose aforesaid, I do order and declare that all persons held as slaves within the said designated States and parts of said States, are and henceforward shall be free; and that the Executive Government of the United States, including the military and naval authorities thereof, will recognize and maintain the freedom of said persons.

And I hereby enjoin upon the people so declared to be free, to abstain from all violence, unless in necessary self-defense, and I recommend to them that in all cases when allowed, they labor faithfully for reasonable wages. And I further declare and make known that such persons, of suitable condition, will be received into the armed service of the United States, to garrison forts, positions, stations, and other places, and to man vessels of all sorts in the said service. And upon this act, sincerely believed to be an act of Justice, warranted by the Constitution, upon military necessity, I invoke the considerate judgment of mankind and the gracious favor of Almighty God.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

[L.S.] Done at the city of Washington, this the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the eighty-seventh.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President,
WM. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

Exciting News.

Elsewhere we publish the telegraphic reports of important movements and battles now in progress, the successful termination of which must tell effectually in favor of the Union cause. The fate of Rosencrans' army is yet uncertain, although the latest despatches read favorable. His want of cavalry to protect his ammunition and supply trains subjects him to great inconvenience and may cause the destruction of his army. We hope, however, that he may be able to punish Bragg effectually, and knock all the brag out of him.

Gen. Sherman and Commodore Porter are opening up the Mississippi, and have waked up the Vicksburgers to a sense of their danger. Our news from that quarter are rather meagre, but Vicksburg has undoubtedly fallen ere this.

A large fleet under Gens. Neagle and Davidson, has left Fortress Monroe for the South, accompanied by several iron-clads. We shall have news from another quarter of the South ere a fortnight passes.

Report says that Bragg has been re-inforced from Richmond, and coupled with this is the information that the army of the Potomac is moving, but in what direction is not stated.

Again the excitement is rising, as all feel that we are on the eve of important events—events which we hope will accomplish more for the cause of the Union than those which we have heretofore chronicled.

Capture of Vicksburg.

HOLLY SPRINGS, Miss., Jan. 4.—*General Halleck, Commander-in-Chief:*—Dispatches from Gen. Sherman and the Naval commander were received on the 31st.

The gunboats were engaging the enemy's batteries, and Gen. Sherman was inland three miles from Vicksburg and hotly engaged.

From rebel sources I learn that the Grenada *Appeal*, of the 3d says, that the Yankees have got possession of Vicksburg.

U. S. GRANT, Major General.

Gen. Burnside's Report.

Gen. Burnside has submitted to Gen. Halleck a preliminary report, giving his reasons for his attack upon the enemy at the time and place he did it, and manfully taking upon himself the entire responsibility of the failure, as he would undoubtedly have been entitled to the credit had he succeeded. We cannot do better than to print his report in full, as follows:

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, }
Falmouth, Dec. 19th, 1862. }

GENERAL: I have the honor to offer the following reasons for moving the army of the Potomac across the Rappahannock sooner than was anticipated by the President, Secretary of War, or yourself, and for crossing at a point different from the one indicated to you at our last meeting at the President's.

During my preparations for crossing at the place I had first selected, I discovered that the enemy had thrown a large portion of his force down the river and elsewhere, thus weakening his defences in front, and also thought I discovered that he did not anticipate the crossing of our whole force at Fredericksburg, and I hoped, by throwing the whole command over at that place, to separate, by a vigorous attack the forces on the river below from the forces behind and on the crest in the rear of the town, in which case we could fight him with great advantage in our favor.

To do this, we had to gain a height on the extreme right of the crest, which height commanded a new road lately made by the enemy, for the purposes of a more rapid communication along his lines, which point gained his positions along the crest would have been scarcely tenable, and he could have been driven from them easily by an attack on his front in connection with a movement in the rear of the crest.

How near we came to accomplishing our purpose future reports will show.

But for the fog and unexpected and unavoidable delay in building the bridges, which gave the enemy twenty-four hours more to concentrate his forces in his strong positions, we would almost certainly have succeeded; in which case the battle would have been, in my opinion, far more decisive than if we had crossed at that place first selected. As it was, we came very near success.

Failing in accomplishing the main object, we remained in order of battle two days—long enough to decide that the enemy would not come out of his strongholds to fight us with his infantry—after which we recrossed to this side of the river unmolested, without the loss of men or property.

As the day broke, our long lines of troops were seen marching to their different positions as if going on parade. Not the least demoralization existed.

To the brave officers and soldiers who accompanied the feat of thus recrossing the river in the face of the enemy, I owe everything.

For the failure in the attack I am responsible, as the extreme gallantry, courage, and endurance shown by them was never exceeded, and would have carried the points had it been possible.

To the families and friends of the dead I can only offer my heartfelt sympathies, but for the wounded I can offer my earnest prayers for their comfortable and final recovery.

The fact that I decided to move from Warrenton on this line, rather against the opinion of the President, Secretary of War and yourself, and that you left the whole movement in my hands without giving me orders, makes me the one responsible.

I will visit you very soon and give you more definite information, and finally, will send you my detailed report, in which a special acknowledgement will be made of the services of the different Grand Division Corps, and my General and Staff Departments of the Army of the Potomac, to whom I am so much indebted for their support and hearty co-operation.

I will add here that the movement was made earlier than you expected, and after the President, Secretary, and yourself requested me not to be in haste, for the reason that we were supplied much sooner by the different Staff Departments than was anticipated when I last saw you.

Our killed amounts to 1,152; our wounded to about 9,000, and our prisoners to about 700, which last have been paroled and exchanged for about the same number taken by us.

The wounded were all removed to this side of the river, and are being well cared for, and the dead all buried under a flag of truce.

The Surgeons report a much larger proportion of slight wounds than usual, 1,632 only being treated in hospitals.

I am glad to represent the army at the present time in good condition.

Thanking the Government for the entire support and confidence which I have always received from them, I remain, General, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. E. BURNSIDE,
Maj. Gen. Comm'd'g Army of the Potomac.

On reading this Report, President Lincoln issued the following Address to the army:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, Washington, Dec. 22.
To the Army of the Potomac:

I have just read your Commanding General's preliminary report of the battle of Fredericksburg. Although you were not successful, the attempt was not an error, nor the failure other than an accident. The courage with which you, in an open field, maintained the contest against an in renched foe, and the consummate skill and success with which you crossed and recrossed the river in the face of the enemy, show that you possess all the qualities of a great army, which will yet give victory to the cause of the country and of popular government. Condoling with the mourners for the dead, and sympathizing with the severely wounded, I congratulate you that the number of both is comparatively so small. I tender to you, officers and soldiers, the thanks of the nation.

Great Battle at Vicksburg, Miss.

CAIRO, January 3.—Dispatches from General Sherman, dated on the battle field of Vicksburg, were received at Helena on Saturday, the 27th. Gen. Sherman debarked his force on the left bank of the Yazoo river, ten miles above the mouth, and forming in line of battle, advanced towards Vicksburg. After passing beyond the range of our gunboats, our troops encountered the enemy, who awaited them in force. A terrific conflict ensued, which lasted for five hours. The enemy were driven back by our shells beyond the bayous that girt the rear of Vicksburg, and from their entrenched works which were stationed on a hill.

On Saturday night the two armies lay on their arms, two bayous between the two hostile forces. During the night pontoons were constructed, notwithstanding a terrific fire was poured upon our men by the enemy under the cover of undergrowth. At daylight on Sunday, a concerted advance was made by Gen. Sherman's entire force; General Steele commanded the left wing, Gens. Morgan and Blair the centre, and Gens. A. L. and M. L. Smith the right.

Gen. Steele succeeded in turning the enemy's right, so as to communicate with Morgan's division, which had been separated by the swamp running at right angles to the main front.

By sunset the entire force was engaged, and up to 10 o'clock the musketry and artillery firing was very severe. The rebel army was entrenched on high rising ground. This position was finally carried by storm.

Our gunboats did not co-operate with the land forces, but the gunboat Benton engaged the fortifications on Haines' Bluff, during the action.—Several of the crew of the Benton were killed, and Capt. Gwinne, her commander was mortally wounded.

In the action on Saturday, the 58th Ohio, 8th Missouri and 2d Kentucky regiments sustained considerable loss.

Gen. Banks' forces, with Farragut's fleet, were expected to co-operate with Gen. Sherman in the attack, but they had not arrived.

☞ Gen. Grant has issued an order for all Israelites in his department to leave. Consequently, there has been a general stampede. The order has been enforced in Paducah, causing great indignation among the Hebrew merchants.

The Great Battle of Murfreesboro.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 2.—A terrible battle has been fought at Murfreesboro, involving the severest carnage of the war.

The United States forces encountered the Rebels on the 20th ult., near Stewart's creek. After heavy skirmishing on both sides the Rebels were driven back. We captured a hundred prisoners, and killed and wounded a large number. Our loss on this occasion was 70 killed and wounded.

At daybreak on the 31st the fight was renewed with great fury, Gen. McCook's corps being opposed to Hardee's.

After desperate fighting, with heavy loss on both sides, General McCook retreated two miles. He soon rallied his men, but was again driven back, and at night was four miles this side of the ground occupied in the morning.

The fight continued until ten o'clock at night, at which time we had maintained our position.

We have captured 500 prisoners.

The fight was renewed at 3 o'clock on the morning of January 1st.

Cannonading was heard at Nashville at ten o'clock A. M.

Wood's and Van Cleve's divisions were in Murfreesboro driving the enemy, who were in full retreat.

The following rebel commissioned officers have been captured: Major J. J. Franklin, 30th Arkansas; Captain W. E. Johnson, 2d Arkansas; Captain J. P. Eagle, 2d Arkansas, and Captain S. C. Stone, 1st Tennessee cavalry.

Many buildings have been taken in this city for hospital purposes.

Great numbers of the wounded are now being brought in.

The river is falling, and there are now only eighteen inches on the shoals.

THE VERY LATEST.

MURFREESBORO, Jan. 2., P. M.—Our army bivouacked on the same ground last night as that occupied by our forces on the night of the 31st ultimo.

Our army gained some advantage in the battle of yesterday, but not without terrible carnage.

The loss on both sides can only be described as absolutely tremendous.

Gen. Negely fought his division all day yesterday splendidly, and lost very heavily in men, but saved his artillery.

Gen. Rousseau immortalized himself long before he fell severely wounded. He is set down as one of the greatest heroes of the battle.

The enemy was heavily reinforced from some direction last night.

Major General McCook had his horse blown to atoms by a shell yesterday afternoon, and, although severely bruised, soon remounted and rode to the front of his gallant division.

General Rosecrans, everywhere, and all times, exhibited great coolness and moral courage, exposing himself continually at critical periods.—He gave orders incessantly, in a firm manner.

The fight was renewed this morning with great ferocity. General Rosecrans collected his scattered troops and reorganized them last night.

To-day we have driven the enemy nearly two miles.

The reserve brigades are getting into line as I write.

Reinforcements are arriving, and General Rosecrans is determined to destroy the rebels at any cost.

All the houses in Murfreesboro and the neighboring villages are occupied as hospitals.

We are sending many wounded men to Nashville by rail.

Our arrangements for the care of the wounded are being completed, and every effort is made to render the sufferers as comfortable as possible.

Pennsylvania may well be proud of the Anderson Cavalry. The men and officers have covered themselves with glory.

The following is a list of the killed in the Anderson Cavalry: Sergeant Kimber, Alexander Drake, F. Herring, A. R. Kendrick, A. W. Chase. I will send more names as I obtain them.

LOUISVILLE, January 3.—Telegraphic communication has been restored between here and Nashville, and the following important dispatches have been received:

NASHVILLE, Jan. 3.—It is reported that Gen. Bragg was killed in the fight to-day. There has been fighting all day, but no particulars are received. Our forces are advancing, and the rebels are falling back across Stone river. A heavy rain has fallen all day. The following officers are among the slightly wounded: Col. Miller, Col. Blake, of the Fortieth Indiana; Lieut. Col. Neff, Col. Hull, Capt. Pate.

SECOND DISPATCH.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 3.—Heavy cannonading has been heard up till noon to-day. The rebels attacked our left, but were terribly repulsed. There was very little fighting yesterday. Our forces do not yet occupy Murfreesboro; the rebels attacked and destroyed our hospital buildings on Thursday. The rebel army at Richmond are furnishing strong reinforcements to the enemy.

THIRD DISPATCH.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 3.—A spirited engagement took place at Lavergne, between a party of mechanics and engineers in the United States service, under the command of Col. Raines, and General Wheaten's rebel cavalry. The latter were routed with the loss of 33 killed.

All the contrabands captured by the enemy on the United States wagon trains, are shot. Twenty of their dead bodies are lying on the Murfreesboro pike. Major Hindman and Captain King, who were wounded, were captured by the rebels while in an ambulance. They were taken four miles away and then paroled and thrown out on the road. Gen. Dillich was not killed, but wounded and taken prisoner, yesterday.

Gen. Rosecrans took command of the Fourth United States Cavalry in person, and attacked Gen. Wheeler's rebel Cavalry, who were cut to pieces and utterly routed.

Captain Mack, Chief of Artillery on General Thomas' staff, is mortally wounded. Col. Anderson has sent a dispatch to the Head Quarters, saying, "we have whipped the rebels decidedly, and are at Christiana, nine miles south of Murfreesboro, on the line of the railroad.

FOURTH DISPATCH.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 3.—Col. M'Kee is reported killed. Our loss of officers is heart-rending. There was fighting from daylight yesterday till this morning. At five o'clock last evening, the enemy were being terribly slaughtered. In the first day's fight we had it all our own way, but the right wing fought itself into a bad position. On the third day we repulsed the enemy with terrible slaughter, sustaining but slight loss ourselves.

SERVED HER RIGHT.—Soon after Gen. Sigel took up his headquarters at Stafford Court House, Virginia, a widow named Morton, residing about one mile from the Court House, was among the first to apply at headquarters to have her property protected. A guard was, as is usual, sent to her house—a large old-fashioned mansion—and all intruders were kept away. Mrs. Morton not only refused to let the guard occupy any portion of the house or out-buildings, but made them stand out doors during all the late inclement weather, and sought every opportunity to insult them by taunts, calling them mean, lying Yankees, and in every way she could invent endeavored to make their situation an uncomfortable one. The officer of the guard bore up under the infliction, as she was a lady, and one of the "F. F. V.'s," until human nature could stand it no longer, and he then reported her to headquarters. Provost Marshal Brown at once took action in the matter, and took Mrs. Morton's house as an hospital, a building for that purpose being much needed. This irate secesh is now occupying apartments in her own house, and is chewing the cud of repentance for her follies.

☞ Profane language is abominable.—Loud laughing is impolite. Inquisitiveness is offensive. Tattling is mean. Telling lies is contemptible. Slandering is devilish. Ignorance is disgraceful, and laziness is shameful.

A Victory Over Morgan.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 2.—Col. Hoskins, of the Twelfth Kentucky Regiment, commanding the forces at Lebanon, Ky., attacked the rebels under John Morgan, eight miles south of the Columbia road, yesterday, killing and wounding several, and capturing sixty of the rebels, together with their caissons, ammunition wagons and provisions. Colonel Hollissey, Sixth Kentucky Cavalry, was killed.

Lieutenant-Colonel Boyle, commanding the Ninth Kentucky Cavalry, with the Sixth Kentucky, are in pursuit of Morgan—the infantry, under Col. Hoskins, following. Morgan is retreating rapidly in the direction of Columbia.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The following official despatch has been received:—

LOUISVILLE, KY., Jan. 1, 1863.—The rebel General Morgan crossed Cumberland river, cut Nashville at Gainesboro', and appeared in front of Munfordsville on the 25th of December.

Col. Hobson, of the Thirteenth Kentucky, drove part of his force, killing nine and capturing sixteen.

Morgan crossed Green river above Munfordsville and moved in the direction of Elizabethtown, burning the bridge at Bacon creek and Nolin. He destroyed the trestle-work at Muldrough's Hill, and moved for Rolling Fork. Col. Harlan, of the Tenth Kentucky, commanding a brigade, overtook him at Rolling Fork and attacked him, killing and wounding a number, and capturing a Captain and some privates.

Col. Dull (Rebel) died of his wounds, and one of our Lieutenants of artillery. Col. Harlan crossed, pursued and attacked him at Rolling Fork and Salt River Bridge. This is the first instance, I believe, of infantry waiting and attacking cavalry.

Morgan fled before Harlan to Bardstown, and from there attempted to escape between Lebanon and Camp Belleville. Col. Harkins, One-hundred-and-twenty-eighth Kentucky, commanding there, attacked him this morning, killing a number and capturing ninety men, his caissons and ammunition wagons. Morgan is flying precipitately. Gen. Reynolds marched from Glasgow yesterday for Greensburg, and may intercept him. Col. Hollissey, Sixth Kentucky Cavalry, killed. Our casualties are not yet reported. Morgan has paid dearly for what he has done.

Chief Battles of the Year.

A year ago, says the New York *Times*, we had not won on land a single battle of any account. Hatteras and Hilton Head, for which we were indebted to our navy alone, were all that relieved a dismal catalogue of disasters. It was not until the 19th of January that we gained the first earnest of future success, in the battle of Mill Springs. Since then the preponderance of victories on our side has been most marked. One need but to examine our diary methodically to be struck with this. Regard for a moment the principal engagements. In the Winter, Mill Springs, Fort Henry, Fort Donelson and Roanoke Island, all in our favor. In the Spring, New Madrid, Pea Ridge, Newbern, Winchester, Santa Fe, Island No. Ten, Pittsburgh Landing, Fort Pulaski, Monitor and Merrimac, Fort Wright, Fort Macon, Forts Jackson and St. Philip, Bridgeport, Williamsburg, West Point and Hanover Court House, all successes, without an exception; the rebels having nothing to offset them but Front Royal, and the other fights when, with overwhelming force, they pursued Banks up the Shenandoah. In the Summer, Fair Oaks, Memphis, Baton Rouge and Cross Keys, all to our advantage. In the "seven days" battles before Richmond, consequent upon the transfer of our base from the Pamunkey to the James River, beginning with Gaines' Mills and ending with Malvern Hill, according to Gen. McClellan, we "whipped the enemy every time."

The battle of Cedar Mountain resulted in the enemy falling back though in many respects they had won the advantage; while the battle of Groveton and the second battle of Bull Run, on the other hand, resulted in our falling back though in many respects we had gained the advantage. The only positive victories of importance won by the rebels during this season, was that of James Island, near Charleston, and the repulse of our gunboats at Vicksburg. In the Autumn our important victories were at South Mountain, Antietam, Plymouth, Iuka, Corinth, Hatchee River, Perryville, Chapin Creek, second battle of Pea Ridge and Cane Hill; while our only reverses were Harper's Ferry, which was the consequence of treachery, Munfordsville and Hartsville. In the present month of December we have had the victory of Prairie Grove, and those attending Gen. Foster's expedition to Goldsboro, and have suffered no discomfiture but the single one at Fredericksburg. This survey of the chief battles of the year, though general, is we are sure, substantially correct. The balance is greatly in our favor.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RESERVES.—Major Gen. George G. Meade, recently in command of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, before leaving that corps, made a request to the Governor of Pennsylvania and the Secretary of War that the old Reserves be sent back to Pennsylvania for the purpose of recruiting their broken and shattered ranks with new men. This effort was made once before, after the battle of Antietam, but it did not succeed. Their entire fighting strength in the battle at Fredericksburg, with the two new regiments recently added to them—the One Hundred and Twenty-first and One Hundred and Forty-second Pennsylvania Volunteers—was only about 4,500 men, and out of this number they lost in killed, wounded and missing, 1,800 men, or forty per cent. of the whole number engaged.

BANKS GOING SOUTH AND COMING NORTH.—When the destination of the Banks' Expedition was yet a subject of anxious inquiry, its commander parried a question concerning that point by quietly remarking that he was going *South*.—Since his arrival at New Orleans there has been some speculation as to the principal object of the formidable force under his charge, and this he has significantly indicated by another short remark to the effect that he is now "going *North*." That response points up the Mississippi, and proves that his forces are not to be scattered and dissipated in small and profitless enterprises, but that they are to be kept well together for the great work of clearing the grand highway of the West to the Gulf.

TO GO INTO ACTIVE SERVICE.—Gen. Butler has arrived in Washington from New York, in obedience to the summons of the President, with whom he had an interview on Monday evening. A *Tribune* dispatch says that he will be at once ordered to one of the most thickly populated slave districts in the South, where he is to organize an African army wherewith to hold, occupy and possess a chain of posts guarding a most important line of communication.

DEATH OF A YOUNG HERO.—Sergeant Thomas of the 73d Indiana Regiment, in Gen. Rosencrans' army, was seized while upon picket duty with a congestive chill and died in the second paroxysm. Sergeant Thomas was one of the heroes of Kelley's Island, Va., where 12 Indiana boys, under Corporal Hays killed thirty-two rebels and wounded many more. He served under Gen. Lew. Wallace in the three months' service, and re-e nlisted under Capt. Fuqua, of the 79th Regiment.

THE MONITOR FOUNDERED.—The following dispatch has been received at the Navy Department from Rear Admiral Lee:

FORTRESS MONROE, January 3.

HON. GIDEON WELLES, *Secretary of Navy*:

The steamer State of Georgia reports that the Monitor foundered, on Tuesday night, south of Cape Hatteras, with the loss of two officers and thirty-eight men, names not known; belonging to the Monitor or the Rhode Island, or both.

THE SMALL POX IN HARRISBURG.—The small pox prevails to some extent in Harrisburg, and on Tuesday twenty-two cases were reported.—About one hundred cases altogether are now reported in town, but it is not believed that the disease is epidemic.

Army of the Frontier.

A DIFFICULT AND DARING RAID MADE BY THE U. S. FORCES—CAPTURE OF VAN BUREN, ARK.—OFFICIAL REPORT OF GEN. CURTIS—CAPTURE OF THREE STEAMBOATS, 100 PRISONERS, CAMP EQUIPAGE, HORSES, MULES, &C.

FAYETTEVILLE, ARK., Dec. 19.

One of the most difficult and daring raids of the war has just been made by a part of the Army of the Frontier.

On Saturday Gen. Herron started with a portion of his cavalry and infantry forces for the other side of the Boston Mountains. Gen. Blunt left Cane Hill at the same time by another route, the two columns being about six thousand strong.—They started in light marching order, with six days' cooked rations, and marched forty-two miles without stoppage.

Gen. Herron took with him two batteries without caissons. The artillery and baggage wagons were drawn across the mountains by twelve-horse teams.

At daylight yesterday morning the two commands joined at Lee's Creek, three miles south of the mountains, from whence the cavalry and artillery, numbering 1000 men started for Van Buren, leaving the infantry to follow as fast as possible.

Two rebel regiments of cavalry were encountered at Dripping Spring. After a short skirmish, they were put to flight, leaving seven killed and a number wounded.

Our forces immediately followed the rebels fleeing to Van Buren, when a splendid charge was made, led by Generals Blunt and Herron in person, resulting in a complete victory over the enemy.

The rebel cavalry rushed aboard some steamboats which were lying at the wharf, and escaped to the other side of the river. Two of the steamers, with over a hundred prisoners among them, were captured. A third boat was run ashore, which, with the others, will be destroyed.

A large quantity of corn, camp equipage, transportation, and a number of mules and horses, were also seized. The full extent of the captures is not yet known.

When the messenger left, the infantry and artillery were about eight miles in the rear, hastening forward as fast as the nearly impassible roads would allow.

The people of that section were taken entirely by surprise and terribly frightened.

Gen. Hindman is on the other side of the river with his whole force, unable and unwilling to engage us.

The pathway to the Arkansas river has now been opened, and if the gunboats will open the lower end of it, the winter's work of the Army of the Frontier is clearly marked out.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF GEN. CURTIS.

HEADQUARTERS, ST. LOUIS, Dec. 29.—*Major General H. W. Halleck, General-in-Chief*:—The army of the frontier under Gens. Blunt and Herron, moved over the Boston mountains on Saturday, and advanced, without halting, to Van Buren. They drove the enemy across the Arkansas, killed and wounded a few, took three steamboats, camp equipments, and 100 prisoners.

The march of 45 miles with arms of service over the mountains and through the deep mud of the valley was a most arduous and gallant affair.

S. R. CURTIS, Maj. Gen.

The War in Arkansas.

FAYETTEVILLE, Ark., Dec. 31.—The following additional particulars of the raid to Van Buren have been received:—

Our army was ten miles this side of Van Buren, yesterday morning, and would bivouac on the mountain-top last night, and expected to reach Prairie Grove again to-day.

Gen. Schofield joined them a few miles beyond the foot of the mountain.

The steamer *Violet, Key West, Rose Douglas, Frederick, Notrobe, Erie No. 6* and *Van Buren*, with their cargoes of grain and provisions for the Rebel army, were burned; also, a large amount of army stores.

The Rebels burned their arsenal and ferry boat at Fort Smith to prevent their falling into our hands; also a large quantity of forage and provisions on the opposite side of the river. A general conflagration was in progress when our forces left. Many deserters came to our lines, who report that two regiments of Missourians stacked their arms a few days ago, crossed the river and went home.

Another regiment of Missourians left a short time after, taking their arms with them. Two regiments of Texans also stacked their arms and started for home. A regiment of cavalry was sent in pursuit, but instead of arresting joined the runaways. Everything goes to show that the Rebel army of trans-Mississippi is completely disorganized.

The Arkansas river is at a boatable stage, and the country bordering its banks, from a point twenty-five miles below Van Buren to little Rock, is well provided with forage and food for an army. Our troops are in splendid spirits, having accomplished the most daring and successful raid without losing a single life.

DESPATCH FROM GENERAL BLUNT.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 31.—General Blunt telegraphs General Curtis, under date of Van Buren, Ark., December 28th, as follows:—

"My long range guns are now shelling the Rebel camps across the river, five miles below here.

"If the enemy does not retreat during the night, I shall endeavor to cross my troops over in the morning and offer them battle.

"Among the property captured are four steamers, three of them heavily laden with supplies. Also, a ferry-boat and a large amount of ammunition.

"Quite a number of the enemy were killed."

Another Important Expedition.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3, 1863.—A *Press* special from Fortress Monroe, dated Jan. 1st, says: There has been stirring times here for some days past among the troops and war vessels. Gens. Naglee and Davison were embarked on transports at Yorktown and Gloucester Point yesterday, and have spent their New Year's day riding the billows in Hampton Roads.

Many other transports, loaded with troops, stores, &c., arrived, and have joined the expedition. The fleet is now putting to sea, and comprises about enough men to take and hold any port on the Southern coast.

The destination of this expedition is supposed to be North Carolina, but as a number of iron-clads accompany it, I presume it will go to some important Southern port, say Charleston, Georgetown, Savannah or Mobile. At any rate it will soon be at its destination, and wherever it goes a heavy blow will be struck.

The flag ship is the steamer Wodbury, which has Gen. Naglee and staff on board. It is not known whether he will command the whole force or not. His own division comprises twelve regiments, including the 104th Pennsylvania.

THE NORTHWESTERN INDIANS.—The President, says a Washington letter, is still considering the case of the Indians of Minnesota, and he is somewhat vexed by the subject. A part of the condemned Indians, it is known, have been executed. What to do with the others the President does not know. He says that he desires most earnestly to do justice to the situation of the white inhabitants of the Northwest, yet at the same time he hopes to be able to avoid any inhumanity to the Indians. It is not unlikely that a special term of the District Court of the United States will sit for the purpose of trying these Indians for crimes committed upon the reserved land of the government, and it is believed that the people of Minnesota and the Northwest generally will be willing to abide the result by a fair trial by a court that is without prejudice on the subject.

ALL STYLES CARPETING AND Oil-Cloths can be found at LAUGHMAN'S.

LINDSEY'S IMPROVED

BLOOD SEARCHER,

A SURE CURE FOR

Cancer,
Cancerous Formations,
Scrofula,
Cutaneous Diseases,
Erysipelas, Boils,
Pimples on the Face,
Sore Eyes,
Tetter Affections,
Scald Head,
Dyspepsia,
Costiveness,
Old and Stubborn Ulcers
Rheumatic Disorders,
Jaundice,
Salt Rheum,
Mercurial Diseases,
General Debility,
Liver Complaint,
Loss of Appetite,
Low Spirits,
Female Complaints,
Epilepsy or Fits,
Paralysis or Palsy,
Syphilitic Diseases and
Caries of the Bones.

Together with all other diseases having their origin in a depraved condition of the blood or circulatory system.

CASE OF DANIEL A. BOYD.

PITTSBURGH, December 31, 1862.

DR. G. H. KEYSER:—I take pleasure in making this voluntary statement in favor of a medicine prepared by you called "LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER." I had suffered for five years with Scrofula which broke out on my head and forehead so as to disfigure me very much, and took off the hair when the disease made its appearance; it also broke out on my arm above and below the elbow, and eat into the skin and flesh so as to expose a fearful sore. The disease on my head went so far that several small pieces of bone came out. I was very weak and low spirited, and had given up all hope of ever getting well, as I had tried several skillful physicians and they did me no good. In September last, 1861, I was induced to try "LINDSEY'S IMPROVED BLOOD SEARCHER." I must confess I had no faith in patent medicines, but after I had used three bottles of Blood Searcher, the ulcers on my head and arm began to heal. I have now taken eight or ten bottles, and my head and arm are entirely well except the scars remaining from the sores. I will also state that I had the rheumatism very bad in my arms and legs. The Blood Searcher also cured the rheumatism. I am now a well man, over forty years of age, and I feel as supple and young as I did when I was twenty, and have increased in weight twenty pounds. I would also state that the disease in my forehead was so bad that when I stooped and lifted anything heavy, the blood run out of the sore. Dr. Keyser had a photograph taken of me by Mr. Cargo, the artist, after I began to get well. It does not show my appearance as bad as it was before I commenced taking the medicine. You can see the photograph, one of which is now in my possession, and also at Dr. Keyser's 140 Wood street. I would also state that I took the Blood Searcher which was made before Dr. Keyser commenced making it. Although it helped me some, I did not recover fast until I got the kind made by Dr. Keyser himself. One bottle of his did me more good than two of the old. I believe it is a great deal stronger and better. I have recommended the Blood Searcher to a great many of my friends for various diseases, and I believe it has helped the whole of them. You may publish this if you wish, and I am anxious that all who are afflicted as I was may be cured. I live in this city, No. 4 Pine street, and am employed at Colville & Anderson's Union Marble Works, 54 Wayne street.

DANIEL A. BOYD.

A BLIND MAN CURED.

I live in Sligo, at Clinton Mills, and have been nearly blind in both eyes for nearly four years. I called on Dr. Keyser about three months ago and asked him to give me directions to the Institution for the Blind in Philadelphia. He told me that I need not go to Philadelphia to get well as he had medicine that would cure me, as he said my disease was in the blood. I was treated for it two or three times in the hospital in this city, and was relieved, but my disease always returned after a month or two after I came out of the hospital. I found my disease was returning and I called, by the advice of a good friend of mine, on Dr. Keyser, who has restored my sight, and my eyes are nearly as well as ever. The Doctor gave me "Lindsey's Blood Searcher" and a wash.

DAVID KINNOLLY.
Clinton Mills, Sligo.

Pittsburg, July 5, 1861.

Witness—E. F. M'Elroy, Anderson street, Allegheny City.

A BAD SORE LEG CURED.

PITTSBURGH, September 18, 1861.—I hereby certify that I have had a sore leg for over a year. It was covered with ulcers and sores so that I could not work for nearly a year. My leg swelled so that I was unable to do anything for a long time, for at least six months. I tried several of the best doctors in the city, but without any benefit; finally I called on Dr. Keyser, at No. 140 Wood street, who only attended me about two weeks, and gave me but two bottles of medicine, and I am now entirely well and have continued so for six months. I am employed at the Eagle Engine House on Fourth street, where any one can see me.

THOMAS FARRELL.

CANCER CURED.

A LETTER FROM ENGLAND.—Mr. John Pope, of Blaenavon, near Montypool, Monmouthshire, England, writes as follows:

SIR:—An old woman in this place has wished me to write you respecting LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER, from which she found great benefit, and wishes to have a little more. She has been suffering from a disease of a cancerous nature for the last six or seven years. Her daughter who is living in America, obtained it for her, and sent her eighteen bottles. She is now quite out of it, and I have written to her daughter twice and have received no answer; of course she is anxious to get more, to get completely cured. I told her I would write to you for the agency in this country, and she felt very much pleased to hear me say so. I now beg to ask you on what terms you will supply me; you will please bear in mind the carriage, and supply me as cheap as possible. The carriage on the one dozen bottles was £1 8s 6d. The medicine was a present from her daughter. I would like to have the Blood Searcher in a jar or small cask, if you can send it in that way, or in pint or quart bottles. I will send a bill through bank or registered letter, which ever will be most convenient to you, if you will send me carrier's receipt of the parcel as security. I would send you a stamp to answer this, but as it is uncertain of this reaching you, on account of the country being in six and sevens, a term which is commonly used, you will be kind enough to charge me with the postage.

Yours, respectfully,
[Signed] JOHN POPE.

[We have seen the letter which is published in to-day's *Dispatch*, from John Pope, and believe it to be genuine.—*Editors Dispatch Pittsburgh*.

☞ *Look for Dr. Keyser's name over the corks to prevent being imposed upon.*

Prepared and sold by Dr GEORGE H. KEYSER, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold in Altoona by A. ROUSH and G. W. KESSLER; in Hollidaysburg by J. R. PATTON and JACOB SNIDER.

June 26, 1862.-1y

Altoona Tribune

Printed on Campbell's $650 "Country Press."

TRIBUNE POWER-PRESS

CARD & JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

Having, within the past two years, made considerable addition to our establishment in the way of new type, Screw Press, Paper Cutter, Card Cutter, Ruling Machine, Gard Power Press, and large Newspaper Power Press, (a cut of which we give above) we are now prepared to execute anything in the line of printing or ruling in a style equal to any establishment in the State, at prices equally low. We can execute, on short notice, all styles of

Wedding, Invitation, Visiting, Ball & Business Cards,
Circulars, Programmes,
MAMMOTH POSTERS, SALE BILLS,
BILL AND LETTER-HEADS,
Pamphlets, Pay and Check Rolls,
BLANK BOOKS,
MANIFESTS, AND BLANKS OF ALL KINDS.

All we ask is a trial, feeling confident that we can give satisfaction if we have the opportunity. Office in Lowther's building, corner of Virginia and Annie streets, opposite Superintendent's Office.

LOCAL ITEMS.

DR. D. R. GOOD.—Our late townsman, D. R. Good, has been for some months past engaged in the Presbyterian Church general Hospital, Georgetown, D. C. in the service of the Government, as Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. Army. Having been relieved from duty there, by the Surgeon General, and ordered to report for duty at the Seminary Hospital, which has lately been fitted up for sick and wounded officers, and commodates one hundred and fifty patients; Dr. was presented with a compact pocket case of surgical instruments, with *gold* catheters, caustics and probes, on the occasion of his leaving the former Hospital. The case contains the instruments usually found in the pocket case with several in addition, and is only about the common size; and on the back is neatly stamped: "Presented to D. R. Good, M. D., Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S.

...IPROVED

...SEARCHER.

...CURE FOR

...irations,
...ia,
...Cutaneous Diseases,
Erysipelas, Boils,
...Affections,
Scald Head,
Dyspepsia,
Costiveness,
...ulcers
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Mercurial Diseases,
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JOHN POPE.
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Altoona Tribune.

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WHO FOUND IT?—Mr. Dysart, ticket agent of the P. R. R. at this place, has received a letter from the State Agent for Soldiers' claims, of Ohio, stating that Jas. Phillips, a discharged soldier of Co. E., 67th Ohio Vols., lost his discharge between Harrisburg and Pittsburgh. He did not leave the cars between those points except at Altoona, where he got out and walked some 10 or 15 rods to a restaurant. Should he have lost his papers in this place and they have been picked up by any of our citizens, they will confer a great favor on a soldier, now in ill health, by returning them to Mr. Dysart.

NEW YEAR AND NEW GOODS.—Our friends of the "Model Store" opened the new year and a new assortment of New Goods for the ladies at about the same time. The fact is, the "Model" always keeps up with the times and the wants of the people, by keeping on hand every style of fashionable as well as common goods, and being among the first, if not the first, to introduce late fashions and new patterns. Call at the "Model", ladies, and J. & J. will show you as handsome winter goods as you have yet seen, at greatly reduced prices.

INSURANCE.—We are informed by Mr. John Shoemaker, of this place, agent of the Lycoming County Mutual Insurance Company, that the company has promptly settled the losses sustained by our fellow citizens, Thomas McCaulley, Esq., and John Farrell, Esq., by the recent fires in our town. This company needs no further recommendation, than only to say, they insure property on liberal terms, by applying to their agent.

☞ Our carrier would return thanks to his patrons for the very liberal greeting he received on New Year's day. Script is a great institution, and it was no doubt well for carrier boys in all quarters that there was plenty of it in circulation, for their quarters would have been scarce.

☞ The protracted meeting is being kept up in the Methodist church, with a prospect of doing a good work. From ten to fifteen seekers present themselves nightly at the altar of prayer.

For the Altoona Tribune.

Our School-Mates.

Three school-mates have died—
In the cold grave are laid;
In our school the breach is wide;
Death's darts could not be stayed.

Diptheria has done it all,
Regardless of our tears:
We are largely sharing of the fall—
How sad this world appears.

To our Bible, now, we'll turn;
We find that there 'tis said
That on the resurrection morn
Jesus will raise the dead.

The dead in Jesus Christ shall rise;
First to their judge shall come;
Angels convey them through the skies,
To an abiding home.

No more to groan and cry in pain;
No more to sigh and weep;
We'll see our school-mates all again,
Though long in death they sleep.

OUR SCHOOL.

MILLERSVILLE, Jan. 5, 1863.

TAKE NOTICE.—Kerr has just received a large lot of new currants, large and seedless raisins which he sells cheap.

Also a great lot of sperm candles, which he sells at 25 cts. per pound, which brings them full one-half cheaper than oil or tallow candles.

Once more we say to our friends, when you buy for cash do not overlook the fact that he sells cheaper than any house this side of the city.

TRIAL OF PROJECTILES.—*Washington, Jan. 2.*—To-day another successful trial of Stafford's projectiles was made at the Navy Yard in this city with rifled sub calibre shot. The most astounding results were attained, even surpassing former experiments. The sizes or weights used were for the purpose of ascertaining the one best adapted for the largest penetration with the same gun. A target constructed of eight 1 inch plates and 21 inch oak, seven plates in front and one in the rear, was pierced and demolished, the timbers all splintered and bolts all broken, and a penetration of six inches of iron was made with a shot of twelve pounds weight, with ten pounds of powder, from a fifty pounder Dahlgren rifled gun. The Whitworth and Armstrong guns were distanced with one-sixth of the charge which they use It has never yet been equalled with these results. Capt. Dahlgren is prepared to bid the rebel iron clads a happy New Year if they come within hailing distance.

NEW GOODS.—New Goods are now being sold for cash, in the store-room lately occupied by R. H. McCormick, North ward.
R. H. McCORMICK, ag't
for J. W. MOORHEAD.

A WORD TO MARRIED PEOPLE.—

If it be true that "A penny saved is two-pence made," the shortest way to get rich is to buy your Groceries at FRITCHEY'S, corner of Main and Caroline streets, Altoona.

Browned Rye constantly on hand.

Pickles, ready for table use, by the dozen or hundred.

Shriver's Baltimore Oyster Ketchup.

Pepper Sauce and Tomato Ketchup.

Fresh Tomatoes, Quinces, Peaches, Pears and Plums, in cans.

The American Excelsior Coffee, superior to anything in the market—good as Java and cheap as Rye. Try it.

His stock of Groceries, Fruits, Confectioneries, &c., cannot be excelled in the place.

Cigars and Tobacco of all brands.

Call and be convinced that it is to your interest to buy at the NEW FAMILY GROCERY.

CIRCULAR FROM THE CASH STORE!—The subscriber would respectfully announce to the public that he has just returned from the East with his stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, which he will sell, as usual, at a very small advance on cost, FOR CASH ONLY. He is unable to give a price list owing to the daily fluctuations in the market.

His stock is the heaviest and most complete ever brought to the place, and having been purchased at the very lowest cash prices, will be sold at prices which make it to the interest of cash buyers to call and examine his stock and be convinced that he can and does sell a little cheaper than any credit establishment.

He would call particular attention to his large stock of DRY GOODS, embracing all the latest and MOST DESIRABLE STYLES OF LADIES' DRESS GOODS to be found in the Eastern market. A full assortment of fancy and plain Flannels and Shirting; large and excellent supply of Linen and Muslins, dozens of patterns of Ladies' and Gent's Gloves, all styles of Hosiery, with the most complete selection of Shawls ever exhibited in this market; any amount of Nubias, Opera Hoods; Ladies' Patent Vests, and a tremendous pile of Austine, Kelly & Co.'s Patent Hoop Skirts, ranging from four to fifty springs, which will be sold at least 25 per cent. under present market price.

Our stock of GROCERIES is complete and selling a few cents below other establishments.—Our Syrups range from 40 to 70 cents per gallon. We would invite particular attention to our large stock of Government coffee, bought before the late heavy advance, which we sell at 20 cents per lb. It is far superior to any of the substitutes lately invented. We have also a heavy stock of TEAS, ranging in price from 60 cents per pound upwards.

Our stock of CHINA, GLASS and DELPH WARE is the largest, most varied and best ever offered to the people of this section. It is really beautiful. An examination of our "Show Window" must convince all who stop to view it that we are not "puffing" our ware. The China Ware embraces Tea Sets ranging in price from $12 to $20. Flower Vases, Mugs and other ornaments. The Glass Ware embraces everything and every style of manufacture. Owing to the late advance we cannot now sell the celebrated Wedgewood Iron Stone Tea Sets for less than $4.75 per set, which is $1.25 below the selling price elsewhere.

I am now fully convinced that the CASH SYSTEM is the best for both seller and buyer, enabling me to sell cheaper, without loss, and giving my customers a better article, and more of it, for the same money, than they get at any other establishment. But argument on this point is superfluous. The reason why I can sell cheaper than credit establishments must be apparent to all who give me a call.

A full stock of boots and shoes.

All Wool, Ingrain, List, Rag and Hemp carpets

Table and floor oil cloths, window shades, &c.
R. A. O. KERR.

Altoona, Nov. 20, 1862.

SINGER & CO.'S
Letter "A" Family Sewing Machine.

WITH ALL THE RECENT IMPROVEMENTS,

Is the BEST and CHEAPEST and MOST BEAUTIFUL of all Sewing Machines. This Machine will sew anything, from the running of a tuck in Tarletan to the making of an Overcoat—anything from Pilot or Beaver Cloth, down to the softest Gauze or Gossamer Tissue, and is ever ready to do its work to perfection. It can fell, hem, bind, gather tuck, quilt, and has capacity for a great variety of Ornamental work. This is not the only machine that can fell hem, bind, &c. but it will do so better than any other Machine. The letter "A" Family Sewing Machine may be had in a great variety of cabinet cases. The Folding Case which is now becoming so popular, is, as its name implies, one that can be folded into a box, or case, which, when open, makes a beautiful, substancial, and spacious table for the work to rest upon. The cases are of every imaginable design—plain as the wood grew in its native forest, or as elaborately finished as art can make them.

The Branch Offices are well supplied with Silk-Twist, Thread, Needles, Oil etc. of the very best quality.

Send for a copy of "SINGER & CO.'S GAZETTE."

I. M. SINGER & CO.,
458 Broadway, N. Y.
PHILADELPHIA OFFICE—810 CHESTNUT ST.

Mr. D. W. A. Belford, Merchant Tailor, Virginia Street, Agent in Altoona.

Altoona, Nov. 13, 1862. [1 yr.

PRESERVE YOUR BEAUTY,
SYMMETRY OF FORM,
YOUR HEALTH, AND MENTAL POWERS,
By using that Safe, Pleasant, Popular and Specific Remedy known as
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
Read the Advertisement in another column, and profit by it—
Diseases and Symptoms Enumerated.
Cut it out, and Preserve it. You may not now require it,
But may at some Future Day.
"It gives health and vigor to the frame,
And bloom to the pallid cheek."
It Saves Long Suffering and Exposure.
Beware of Counterfeits! Cures Guaranteed.
Altoona, Nov. 10th, 1862.] 3m.

MEN AND BOYS' COATS, of every style and color, of good quality, at LAUGHMAN'S.

A CARD TO THE SUFFERING.

The Rev. Wm. Cosgrove, while laboring as a Missionary in Japan, was cured of Consumption, when all other means had failed, by a recipe obtained from a learned physician in the great city of Jeddo. This recipe has cured great numbers who were suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds, and the debility and nervous depression caused by these disorders.

Desirous of benefiting others, I will send this recipe, which I have brought home with me, to all who need it, free of charge. Address,

Rev. WM. COSGROVE,
439 Fulton Avenue,
Dec. 23, 1862-1y.] Brooklyn, N. Y.

RAIL ROAD AND MAIL SCHEDULE.

TRAINS ARRIVE AND DEPART.

Baltimore Express	West	arrives	7.35 A. M.	leaves	7.55 A. M.
Philadel'a "	"	"	8.20 "	"	8.40 "
Fast Line	"	"	8.30 P. M.	"	8.45 P. M.
Mail Train	"	"	7.40 (runs no further West.)		
Express Train	East	"	9.25 P. M.	leaves	9.45 P. M.
Fast Line	"	"	4.00 A. M.	"	4.05 A. M.
Mail Train	"	"	11.30 "	"	11.35 "

Trains on Hollidaysburg Branch run to connect with Express Trains and Fast Line West and Mail Train East and West.

Trains on Tyrone & Clearfield Branch and Bald Eagle Valley R. R. run to connect with Express Train West and Mail Train East and West.

MAILS ARRIVE.

Eastern Through, Baltimore and Washington	7.35 A. M.
" " Philadelphia	8.20 "
Western Through	9.20 P. M.
Western Way	11.35 A. M.
Eastern Way	7.40 P. M.
Hollidaysburg	7.25 A. M. & 7.30 P. M.

MAILS CLOSE.

Western Way	7.20 A. M.
Eastern Way	11.00 "
Western Through	7.30 P. M.
Eastern Through	7.30 "
Hollidaysburg	8.00 A. M. & 7.00 P. M.

OFFICE HOURS:—During the week from 6.45 A. M. until 7.30 P. M. On Sundays from 8.00 until 9.00 A. M.
G. W. PATTON, P. M.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's father, on Tuesday morning Dec. 30th, 1862, by the Rev. Jas. M. Clarke, S. MACAULAY WOODKOK, Esq., of Altoona, to Miss LIBBIE ETTER, of Vineyard Mills, Huntingdon Co., Pa.

We always knew that lawyers were good at keeping their own counsel in important cases, but we did not imagine that Macaulay would so quietly slip cable in Batchelor Bay and stand out into the Sea of Matrimony, without giving us a wink of it. Considering the accompaniment to the above notice, we'll pardon this oversight. We are not going to tell what we did get, suffice it to say it was beautiful, useful and ornamental, and our wish is that he may never lack a pocketful of the same. We hope he may always be as successful in Court as he has been at courting, and his cases and name be multiplied.

THE Early Physical Degeneracy of AMERICAN PEOPLE.

JUST PUBLISHED BY DR. A. STONE,
Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institute.

A Treatise on the Causes of Early Physical decline of American People; the cause of Nervous Debility, Consumption and Marasmus.

This work is one of high moral tone, written in chaste, yet thrilling language, and appeals directly to the moral consciousness of ALL PARENTS and Guardians especially, detailing scientific and reliable aids and treatment for cure.

It will be sent by mail on the receipt of two (3 cent) Stamps

☞ Parents and Guardians! Fail not to send and obtain this book.

☞ Young men! Fail not to send and get this book.

☞ Ladies! You too should at once secure a copy of this book.

A Word of Solemn Conscientious Advice to those who will reflect.

A class of maladies prevail to a fearful extent in the community, deeming at least 100,000 youth of both sexes annually to an early grave. These diseases are very imperfectly understood. Their external manifestations, or symptoms are Nervous Debility, Relaxation and Emaciation; Marasmus or wasting and consumption of the tissues of the whole body; shortness of breathing or hurried breathing on ascending a hill or flight of stairs; great palpitation of the Heart; Asthma, Bronchitis and sore Throat; shaking of the Hands and limbs; aversion to society and to business or study; dimness of eye sight, loss of Memory, dizziness of the Head, Neuralgia, pain in various parts of the body; Pains in the back or limbs, Lumbago, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, irregularity of the bowels, deranged secretions of the Kidneys and other glands of the body, as Leucorrhea or Fleur Albus, &c. Likewise epilepsy, Hysteria and Nervous Spasms.

Now in ninety-nine cases out of every one hundred, all of the above named disorders, and a host of others not named, as Consumption of the Lungs and that most insidious and wily form of consumption of the Spinal Nerves, known as Tabes Dorsalis, and Tabes mesenterica, have their seat and origin in diseases of the Pelvic Viscera, hence the want of success on the part of old school practice in treating symptoms only.

Dr. Andrew Stone, Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institution, is now engaged in treating this class of modern maladies with the most astonishing success. The treatment adopted by the Institution is new: it is based upon scientific principles, with new and never fail remedies; without minerals or poisons. The facilities of cure are such that patients can be cured at their homes, in any part of the country, from accurate descriptions of their case, by letter; and have the medicines sent by Mail or express. Printed interrogatories will be forwarded on application.

☞ Consumption, Catarrh and diseases of the throat cured as well at the Home of the Patients as at the Institution, by sending the Cold Medicated INHALING BALSAMIC VAPORS, with inhaler and ample directions for their use, and direct correspondence.

☞ Patients applying for interrogatives or advice, must enclose return stamps, to meet attention.

☞ The attending Physician will be found at the Institution for consultation, from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., each day, Sunday in the forenoon.

Address DR. ANDREW STONE.
Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institute, and Physician for Diseases of the Heart, Throat and Lungs, 36 Fifth Street, Troy, N. Y.
Altoona, Dec. 30th, 1862.-1y.

NEW
GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE,
Corner of Annie and Harriet Streets,
EAST ALTOONA.

THE subscribers would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona, that they have just received and keep constantly on hand a supply of "Pattonsville Extra" and Extra Family Flour, in barrels and ¼ and ½ barrels in Sacks; also, Chop and Corn Meal, Butter and Eggs fresh from the country; also an extensive stock of Groceries, consisting of Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Coffee, &c., also, Ham, Bacon, Dried Beef, Fish of all kinds, Salt, Crackers, Cheese, Spices, Tobacco, Cigars, Buckets, Brooms, Tubs, Brushes, Dried Fruit, Confectioneries, Queensware, Glassware, Coal Oil Lamps, Coal Oil, Fish Oil, &c., &c., &c., all of which we propose to sell at small profits FOR CASH.

Altoona, Jan. 1, '63-6m. D. M. BARE & CO.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE!!—Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration on the estate of Herman L. Armstrong, late of Altoona, Blair County, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, residing as aforesaid. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

ISAAC W. ARMSTRONG,
Administrator.
December 4th, A. D., 1862.-6t.

ESTRAY.—CAME TO THE RESIDENCE of the subscriber in Logan township, on or about the 1st of July, 1862, a BRINDLE BULL, white under the belly and white hind feet, supposed to be about 18 months old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.

Dec. 30, 1862-3t* CONRAD BERND.

ESTRAY.—CAME TO THE RESIDENCE of the subscriber, in Logan township, about the 1st May, 1862, a dark brown STEER, supposed to be about one year old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take it away, otherwise it will be disposed of according to law.

Dec. 6th, 1862-3t] WM. McGARVEY.

OFFICE ALTOONA GAS & WATER COMPANY.
Altoona, December 9th 1862.

THE BOARD OF MANAGERS have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company, clear of State Tax, payable on and after January 1st, 1863.

R. F. ROSE,
Treasurer.

FOR RENT.—The subscriber offers for rent the Store-Room on the corner of Annie and Harriet streets, East Altoona, lately occupied by Foust & Etnier. Possession given immediately. Apply to
Oct. 2, 1862—tf ANDREW KIPPLE.

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS & SHOES for Men and Boys, Ladies and Misses, just rec'd at LAUGHMAN'S.

☆☆☆

Dr. SWEET'S
INFALLIBLE
LINIMENT,
THE
GREAT REMEDY

FOR RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK AND JOINTS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, CUTS AND WOUNDS, PILES, HEADACHE, AND ALL RHEUMATIC AND NERVOUS DISORDERS.

For all of which it is a speedy and certain remedy, and never fails. This Liniment is prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the famous bone setter, and has been used in his practice for more than twenty years with the most astonishing success.

AS AN ALLEVIATOR OF PAIN, it is unrivalled by any preparation before the public, of which the most skeptical may be convinced by a single trial.

This Liniment will cure rapidly and radically, RHEUMATIC DISORDERS of every kind, and in thousands of cases where it has been used it has never been known to fail.

FOR NEURALGIA, it will afford immediate relief in every case, however distressing.

It will relieve the worst cases of HEADACHE in three minutes and is warranted to do it.

TOOTHACHE also will it cure instantly.

FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY AND GENERAL LASSITUDE arising from imprudence or excess, this Liniment is a most happy and unfailing remedy. Acting directly upon the nervous tissues, it strengthens and revitifies the system, and restores it to a healthy vigor.

FOR PILES.—As an external remedy, we claim that it is the *best* known, and we challenge the world to produce an equal. Every victim of this distressing complaint should give it a trial, for it will not fail to afford immediate relief and in majority of cases will effect a *radical* cure.

QUINSY AND SORE THROAT are sometimes extremely malignant and dangerous, but a timely application of this Liniment will never fail to cure.

SPRAINS are sometimes very obstinate, and enlargement of the joints is liable to occur if neglected. The worst case may be conquered by this Liniment in two or three days.

BRUISES, CUTS, WOUNDS, SORES, ULCERS, BURNS AND SCALDS, yield readily to the wonderful healing properties of DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT when used according to directions. Also, CHILBLAINS, FROSTED FEET, AND INSECT BITES AND STINGS.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,
The Great Natural Bone Setter.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,
Is known all over the United States.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,
Is the author of "Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment."

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Rheumatism and never fails.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is a certain remedy for Neuralgia.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Burns and Scalds immediately.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is the best known remedy for Sprains and Bruises.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Headache immediately and was never known to fail.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Affords immediate relief for Piles, and seldom fails to cure.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Toothache in one minute.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Cuts and Wounds immediately and leaves no scar.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is the best remedy for sores in the known world.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Has been used by more than a million people, and all praise it.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Taken internally cures Colic, Cholera Morbus and Cholera.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is truly a "friend in need," and every family should have it at hand.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is for sale by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50 cents.

A FRIEND IN NEED. TRY IT.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, as an external remedy, is without a rival, and will alleviate pain more speedily than any other preparation. For all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders it is truly infallible, and as a curative for Sores, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, &c., its soothing, healing and powerful strengthening properties excite the just wonder and astonishment of all who have ever given it a trial. Over one thousand certificates of remarkable cures, performed by it within the last two years, attest the fact.

TO HORSE OWNERS!

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivalled by any, and in all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises or wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or saddle Galls, Scratches, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages but confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a *radical cure*. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the lameness, and enable the horses to travel with comparative ease.

EVERY HORSE OWNER

should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

DR. SWEET'S
INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
IS THE
Soldier's Friend,
And thousands have found it truly
A FRIEND IN NEED!

CAUTION.

To avoid imposition, observe the signature and Likeness of Dr. Stephen Sweet on every label, and also "Stephen Sweet's Infallible Liniment" blown in the glass of each bottle, without which none are genuine.

RICHARDSON & CO.
Sole Proprietors, Norwich, Ct.

MORGAN & ALLEN, General Agents,
43 Cliff Street, New York.

☞ Sold by all dealers everywhere.
December 4, 1862.-1y

ILLUSTRATED
SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.
THE BEST MECHANICAL PAPER IN THE WORLD.
EIGHTEENTH YEAR.
VOLUME VIII.—NEW SERIES.

A new volume of this popular Journal commences on the first of January. It is published weekly, and every number contains sixteen pages of useful information, and from five to ten original engravings of new inventions and discoveries, all of which are prepared expressly for its columns.

TO THE MECHANIC AND MANUFACTURER.

No person engaged in any of the mechanical or manufacturing pursuits should think of "doing without" the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. It costs but six cents per week; every number contains from six to ten engravings of new machines and inventions, which cannot be found in any other publication.

TO THE INVENTOR.

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is indispensable to every inventor, as it not only contains illustrated descriptions of nearly all the best inventions as they come out, but each number contains an Official List of the Claims of all the patents issued from the United States Patent office during the week previous; thus giving a correct history of the progress of inventions in this country. We are also receiving, every week, the best scientific journals of Great Britain, France, and Germany; thus placing in our possession all that is inspiring in mechanical science and art in these old countries. We shall continue to transfer to our columns copious extracts from these journals, of whatever we may deem of interest to our readers.

A pamphlet of instruction as to the best mode of obtaining Letters Patent on new inventions, is furnished free on application.

Messrs. MUNN & Co. have acted as Patent Solicitors for more than seventeen years, in connection with the publication of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, and they refer to 20,000 patentees for whom they have done business.

No charge is made for examining sketches and models of new inventions and for advising inventors as to their patentability.

CHEMISTS, ARCHITECTS, MILLWRIGHTS AND FARMERS.

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN will be found a most useful journal to them. All the new discoveries in the science of chemistry are given in its columns, and the interests of the architect and carpenter are not overlooked; all the new inventions and discoveries appertaining to these pursuits, being published from week to week. Useful and practical information pertaining to the interests of millwrights and mill owners will be found in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, which information they cannot possibly obtain from any other source. Subjects in which farmers are interested will be found discussed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN: most of the improvements in agricultural implements being illustrated in its columns.

TERMS.

To mail subscribers: Three Dollars a year or One Dollar for four months. The volumes commence on the first of January and July. Specimen copies will be sent gratis to any part of the country.

Western and Canadian money or Postoffice stamps taken at par for subscriptions. Canadian subscribers will please to remit twenty-five cents extra on each year's subscriptions to prepay postage.

MUNN & CO.,
Publishers,
37 Park Row, N. Y.

REMOVAL
OF JESSE SMITH'S
Hat & Cap Store.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE "EXCELSIOR" HAT and CAP Store would inform his customers, and the Public generally, that he has removed his store to his new building, on Virginia street, next door to Jaggard's store, where he has just received a large stock of

FALL & WINTER STYLES OF

HATS, CAPS,
MISSES' FLATS, &C.

His Stock of Hats and Caps are of the very best selection, of eve y style, color and shape, for both old and young.

All he asks is that the people call and examine his stock and he feels confident that he can send them away rejoicing, if not in the purchase of such an article as they wanted, at the remembrance of having looked upon the handsomest stock of Hats, Caps, Flats, &c., ever exhibited in this town.

I have also on hand an entirely new stock of

LADIES & MISSES FURS,

embracing everything in that line, which I will sell at fair prices, as I do not intend to keep any of my stock over season.

Nov. 6, 1862.

REFORMED
AMERICAN PRACTICE.
GO AND SEE THE

ROOT AND HERB DOCTOR, who can be consulted at the Altoona House, one day in each month during the year 1863, viz:—January 9th Feb. 10th and March 10th. At Mrs. Ward's National Hotel, Tyrone, on the 8th of January, 9th of Feb. and 9th of March.

He treats all diseases that flesh is heir to. He invites all females that may be suffering with diseases peculiar to their sex, to call and examine his new mode of treatment as thousands have been restored to health who have been abandoned by others. He is in possession of perfect instruments for sounding the lungs and chest, and is therefore able to determine the exact condition of the vital organs—consequently can treat such complaints with greater safety and certainty than it is possible for those who guess if the disease and experiment for its cure. He believes that for every malady, there is found in our soil a sure and never-failing remedy.

Dr. Levingston has formed a copartnership with a squaw who has spent all her life as a doctress, and her wonderful cures throughout the United States have astonished thousands. She is a native of the Rocky Mountains and is called the "Belle of the Prairies."

☞ Patients can receive treatment for $5 per month except in cases of Cancers and Tumors, they varying from $10 to $100. Examinations free. See handbills.

W. LEVINGSTON, M. D.
Nov. 26, 1862-tf. Miss BELL MOON.

Glorious News!

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that they have just returned from the East with their

FALL AND WINTER STYLES OF
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES.

Their stock of HATS & CAPS have been selected with great care, and with the view of suiting all who may favor them with their patronage. Their line of Boots and Shoes is complete.

Their *LADIES' MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES* are of City make, and warranted. Their Balmoral Shoes for Ladies and Misses, are just the thing for fall and winter.

Thankful to the public for their very liberal patronage heretofore, they hope to merit a continuance of the same.

Store on *MAIN ST.* next door to Bowman's Exchange Hotel. SMITH & MANN.

NOTICE.—I would hereby notify those who are owing me small bills for meat that I have placed their accounts in the hands of John W Humes, Esq., for collection, not for the purpose of suing them out, but merely for collection, (as I have not time to go around and see each person,) and I wish all those upon whom he may call to be prepared to square up old accounts and start anew. In the meantime I will continue to keep on hand as fine an article of beef, pork, or mutton, as can be found in this section, and respectfully invite all my customers to call as usual.

Nov. 26, 1862 tf. M. RUNYEN.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.—A large and varied stock of FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, just received, and for sale as cheap as the cheapest, at MURPHY & McPIKE'S Store, Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts.

Altoona, June 26, 1862.

A REGULAR MEETING OF THE ALTOONA FAIR VIEW CEMETERY ASSOCIATION will be held on the second Thursday evening of each month, in the Council Room. M. CLABAUGH, President.
JAS. LOWRIES, Secretary. [May 15-'62]

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses and Shoulder Braces for sale at
1-tf. G. W. KESSLER'S.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS, in endless variety, at LAUGHMAN'S.
Altoona, May 6, 1862.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Jewelry, Hair and Clothes Brushes, Combs, Pocket-knives, &c., at LAUGHMAN'S

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF OVERCOATS can be found at LAUGHMAN'S

EXCELLENT HEAVY BOOTS & SHOES just received at LAUGHMAN'S

DO YOU WANT A HAT OR CAP, cheap or fine?—go to LAUGHMAN'S.

GREAT PILES OF PANTALOONS, for Men and Boys, at LAUGHMAN'S.

HELMBOLD'S
GENUINE
PREPARATIONS

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
A Positive and Specific Remedy
For Diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, AND DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the ABSORBENTS into healthy action, by which the WATERY OR CALCAREOUS depositions, and all UNNATURAL ENLARGEMENTS, are reduced, as well as PAIN AND INFLAMMATION, and is good for MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUBHU.

For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse.

ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWIAG SYMPTOMS:

Indisposition to Exertion,	Difficulty of Breathing,
Loss of Memory	Loss of Power,
Weak Nerves,	Trembling,
Horror of Disease,	Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision,	Pain in the Back.
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,	
Hot Hands,	Flushing of the Body.
Dryness of the Skin,	Eruptions of the Face.

PALLID COUNTENANCE.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follows IMPOTENCY, FATUITY EPILEPTIC FITS, in one of which the patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "DIREFUL DISEASES,"

"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering,
BUT NONE WILL CONFESS
THE RECORDT OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS.
And the melancholy Deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion.

THE CONSTITUTION ONCE AFFECTED WITH ORGANIC WEAKNESS,

Requires the aid of medicine to str

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINE.

R. A. O. KERR,

ALTOONA, PA.,

Agent for Blair County.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

THESE MACHINES ARE ADMITTED to be the best ever offered to the public, and their superiority is satisfactorily established by the fact that in the last eight years,

OVER 1,400 MORE

of these Machines have been sold than of any other manufacture, and more medals have been awarded the proprietors by different States and Institutions than to any other. The Machines are warranted to do all that is claimed for them. They are now in use in several families in Altoona, and in every case they give entire satisfaction.

The latest orders there, for information as the superiority of the Machines, to Col. John L. Piper, Rev. A. J. Clark, George Hackenworth, Benj. F. Rose, and E. H. Turner, Hopp.

The machines can be seen and examined at the store of the Agent, at Altoona.

Price of No. 1 Machine, silver plated, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$60. No. 2, ornamental bronze, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$65. No. 2, plain, with old style Hemmer—$55. March 21, 1861-tf.

600,000 MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS TO SELL

LLOYD'S NEW STEEL PLATE COUNTY COLORED MAP OF THE UNITED STATES, CANADAS, AND NEW BRUNSWICK.

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862: cost $20,000 to engrave it and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of fifty cents; 250,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County Map, but it is also a

COUNTY AND RAILROAD MAP

of the United States and Canadas combined in one, giving

EVERY RAILROAD STATION

and distances between.

Guarantee any woman or man $2 to $5 per day, and will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvas well furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our Maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *No Competition.*

J. T. LLOYD, No. 164 Broadway, New York.

The War Department uses our Map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania; cost $5,000.00, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Heights, Williamsport Ferry, Hagerstown, Caldwell's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in Maryland, Virginia, and Pennsylvania, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S

TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY,

OHIO, INDIANA, and ILLINOIS,

is the only authority for Gen. Buell and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it. Price 50 cents.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND, AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The Map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

LLOYD'S GREAT MAP OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm. Bow on Mississippi River Plans of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—covered in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets, $2 pocket form, and $2.50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Sept. 17, 1862.

J. T. LLOYD.—*Sir:* Send your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLES, Secretary of the Navy.

OFFICE OF JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT.

At JAY COOKE & CO., BANKERS,

114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

The undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

NEW Twenty Year 6 per ct. BONDS,

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved Feb. 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50, $100, $500, 1000, and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

semi-Annually, which is equal at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and securities, and the immense products of all the manufactures &c., &c., in the country; and that the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs, Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue serves to make these Bonds the

Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscriptions by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

Nov. 6, 1862. [2 mos.

C. C. SERVER & SON,

(SUCCESSORS TO THOMAS R. TAYLOR & CO.)

Paper, Envelope, and Printers' Card

WAREHOUSE,

No. 513, MINOR STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF WRITING, LETTER, NOTE,

PRINTING, WRAPPING,

MANILLA, TISSUE, SHOE AND HARDWARE

PAPERS,

Printers' Cards,

BOSKET, BOX AND STRAW BOARDS.

Printers, Blank Book Manufacturers,

Stationers and Storekeepers, will find it to their advantage to CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

May 1st, 1862.-1y.

WEST BRANCH INSURANCE CO., LOCK HAVEN, PA.

PREMIUM NOTES IN FORCE.....405,000.

Insures property on as reasonable terms as are consistent with security.

DIRECTORS:

G. C. Harvey, J. R. Hall, F. M. Price, Hiram Scott, Alex. Sloan, O. D. Satterlee, Jacob Brown, Alison White, C. A. Mayer, W. Fearon.

O. D. SATTERLEE, V. P. G. C. HARVEY, Pres't.

J. W. CHAPMAN, Secretary.

July 3, '62-1y.] R. A. O. KERR, Agent, Altoona.

$30. EMPLOYMENT! $100.

Commercial Agents Wanted

TO SELL GOODS FOR THE

ADAMS

(A NEW ENGLAND)

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

We will give a commission of one hundred per cent. on all goods sold by our Agents; or we will pay wages at from $30 to $100 per month, and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars address (with stamp)

CHAS. RUGGLES, Gen'l Agent,

For the Adams Manufacturing Co. DETROIT, MICH.

May 8, 1862-1y

HAIR, OILS, COLOGNES, POMADES, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps &c. for sale by G. W. KESSLER.

PLAIN & FANCY VESTS, of every size and style at LAUGHMAN'S.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

NORTH WARD AHEAD!

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

AT OLD PRICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY solicit the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country that he has just returned from the east, where he has been selecting his stock of Spring and Summer Goods, which for style, quality and Price cannot be surpassed in this neck of country. His stock is much larger than heretofore, and, as it is quite an object in these war-shrieking times for every one to purchase where they can get the BEST article at the LOWEST PRICE, he would say that he can and will sell AS LOW, if not A LITTLE LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE in this place. He wishes all to call and see his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he feels confident he can offer such inducements which will DEFY COMPETITION. His stock consists of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR,

LADIES' AND MISSES' DRESS SHOES.

MEN AND BOYS' BOOTS AND SHOES.

MEN AND WOMEN'S HOSE. HATS AND CAPS.

Ginghams, Lawns, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins. Dried Peaches and Dried Apples. Plain and Concaved Hams, &c., &c.

He will sell the AMERICAN PRINTS at 12½ cents.

FAST MADDER COLORS. 30 "

FANCY DELAINES, from 12½ to 25 "

Fine Bleached MUSLINS yard wide, 12½ "

" " " ¾ " 18 "

" " " ⅝ " 16 "

Heavy Unbleached " yard 12½ "

" " " ⅝ " 8 and 10 "

LAWNS, from 6 to 15 "

LADIES' SLIPPERS, from 50 to 90 "

" Fine French, Sewed, Heeled BOOTEES, $1 25

" Pegged 1 00

MEN'S CALF BOOTS, 2 75

" GOAT " 2 50

BOYS' GOAT, (Nos. 4 and 5, 1 50

MEN AND BOYS' OXFORD TIES, from 75 cents to 1 00

MEN'S CALF MOCCASINS, 1 00

All sizes of MISSES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES, very low

GROCERIES! Rio Coffee at 25 cents. White Sugar 11 and 12½ cents. Brown Sugar from 7 to 10 cts. Best Honey and Leavering's Syrup, at 50 cts. Sugar House Molasses, 40 cts. Baking Molasses, 31 to 40 cts.; together with Cedar and Willow Ware; Flour, Feed, &c., and all other articles of Goods just as low as any other house can sell. Please call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

J. A. SPEANKLE.

Altoona, May 1, 1862 North Ward.

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!!

Virginia St., Altoona, Pa.

D. W. A. BELFORD, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE "EMPORIUM OF FASHION" would respectfully announce to the public that he has received a large invoice of

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

VESTINGS,

and a general assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Collars, Neck-Ties, Suspenders, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c., &c.,

expressly suited to this locality and intended for the

AUTUMN AND WINTER TRADE.

The proprietor of the EMPORIUM invites an examination of his stock, feeling confident that the abilities present a greater variety of plain and fancy goods than can be found elsewhere in the country. An examination will convince any one of this fact.

He has also received the

LATEST FASHION,

and being a perfect "Cutter," he has no hesitancy in saying that he can make up clothing in the fashion, and in a manner that can and shall defy private establishments. It has passed into a proverb that

Belford's the very man that can make
Clothes in the fashion. Strong and cheap
All that have ever tried him say,
Say that he really can't be beat.

Remember the place, Virginia street, first door above Jaggard's Hall, Altoona, Pa. April 17, '62

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

FALL & WINTER GOODS!!

J. B. HILEMAN has just received a large and well selected stock of Goods, consisting of Cloths, Plain and Fancy Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Beaverteens, Blue Drilling, and all other kinds of Goods for

MEN AND BOYS' WEAR,

together with a grand and magnificent assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Such as Black and Fancy Silks, Challies, Berreges, Brilliants, Lawns, Delaines, Chintzs, DeBeges, Crapes, Prints, Crape and Stella Shawls, Mantillas, Undersleeves and Hosiery, Bonnets and Ribbons, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Hooped Skirts, Skirting, Lace Mitts, &c., &c.

ALSO,

Tickings, Checks, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Table Diaper, Crash, Nankeen, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE.

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

OIL CLOTHS, CARPETS, &C.

GROCERIES.

Our stock of Groceries is more extensive than ever, and consists of Rio and Java Coffee, Crushed, Loaf and N. O. Sugars; Green, Y. H. and Black Teas; Molasses, Soaps, Candles, Salt, Fish, &c.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, he hopes by strict attention to business, and an endeavor to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ Call and examine his Stock, and you will be convinced that he has the best assortment and cheapest Goods in the market.

☞ Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.

Altoona, April 4, 1862.

HARDWARE—HARDWARE!

HARDWARE

CHARLES J. MANN,

DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE.

WOODEN WARE, BROOMS.

WINDOW SHADES.

DOOR MATS.

UPHOLSTERING GOODS.

SHOE FINDINGS.

COFFIN TRIMMINGS,

MOULDERS' TOOLS.

BIRD CAGES AND WIRE GOODS.

WINDOW GLASS,

PUTTY, WHITE LEAD, &C., &C.

☞ Every description of Goods in his line will be furnished at short notice, and at low rates for cash.

His remaining stock of DRY GOODS on hand will be closed out at remarkably low prices, in order to relinquish that branch of the business.

Agent for Willson's "Telegraph Fodder Cutter."

Altoona, May 29th, 1862.

GROCERY, PROVISION AND WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM the public that he has purchased the interest of A. MILLIRON in the Grocery and Provision Store heretofore kept by them on Virginia street, below Caroline St., where he will continue the business, and will keep constantly on hand a large supply of

FLOUR, HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,

DRIED BEEF, FISH, SALT, MOLASSES, COFFEE, TEA.

SUGAR, SPICES, CONFECTIONARIES.

and everything usually kept in Grocery and Provision Stores, all of which he receives fresh from the eastern and western cities, and will sell at the most reasonable prices.

Having recently obtained license to sell liquor by wholesale, I will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of liquors of the best qualities to be had.

I respectfully solicit a share of public custom.

July 12, 1861-tf.] J. BERKOWITZ.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia. For the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of diseases of the Sexual Organs. Medical advice given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon. Valuable reports on Spermatorrœa or Seminal Weakness, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [June 22, 1862-1y.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry and ground oil at 1-tf. KESSLER'S.

ONWARD! ONWARD!!

EXCELSIOR OUR MOTTO!

NOW OPEN

On the corner of Branch and Annie Streets,

EAST ALTOONA.

AN ENTIRELY

NEW STOCK OF GOODS!

HAVING DISPOSED OF THE entire stock of old goods in the above stand at auction, we desire to say to the public that we have just opened out an

ENTIRELY NEW STOCK

to which we invite the attention of the public. We are determined to sell at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Our stock embraces a large and complete assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

consisting, in part, of plain and fancy Silks, all-wool Delaines, Alpacas, Chenille Delaines, plain and figured Berreges, Lawns, Ginghams, Percale, De Barge, Travelling Dress Goods, and all the

LATEST STYLE PRINTS.

Men's Wear.

We have received a large and well selected stock of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS, such as Cloths, plain and fancy Cassimeres, Cashmeretts, Tweeds, Jeans, Corduroys, Beaver Terns, Velvet Cords, and other fashionable goods for men and boys.

WHITE GOODS.

Irish Linen, Cambrics, Victoria Lawns, plain and dotted Swiss, Bobinets, Edgings &c.

We have a large assortment of Ladies' Needle work Collars and Sets, Dress Trimmings, Kid Gloves, Gauntlets, Mens, Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Veils, &c. Also, Ticking, Checks, bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Table Diaper, Crash, &c.

Also, a fine assortment of

SPRING SHAWLS.

We have received a large lot of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

LADIES' GAITERS,

HATS & CAPS, SHAKER BONNETS, &c.

which we are determined to sell cheaper than ever.

QUEENSWARE,

CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,

HARDWARE,

Flour, Cheese,

Groceries, Bacon, Molasses,

Syrups, Mackerel, Herring,

Carbon Oil, Fish Oil,

Drugs and Medicines,

and, in fact, everything usually kept in a first class Store.

☞ As we make our purchases almost entirely for cash, and as we will sell for

CASH ONLY,

AND KEEP NO BOOKS, it will enable us to sell goods at very moderate prices, and by that means, we hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

GE[illegible]

Altoona, April 10, 1862.

A. [illegible]

[illegible] at his Old Place of [illegible]

A few Doors above the Post Office,

where he is at all times prepared to supply the public in the line of business, embracing of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, OILS, PAINTS, PUTTY, VARNISHES, DYE-STUFFS, PERFUMERY, PATENT MEDICINES, EXTRACTS, CARBON OIL AND LAMPS, SWEET-BRIAR PIPES, CHOICE SMOKING TOBACCO.

LIQUORS,

FOR MEDICINAL USE, ALWAYS ON HAND.

Physicians Prescriptions

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED,

AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT

Altoona, Pa., April 17, 1862.

GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE,

Annie Street, East Altoona, a few doors above Branch Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED a large and fresh stock of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c., which he will sell at prices equally as low as his competitors. His stock consists of

FLOUR, FEED, BACON, HAMS, FISH, SALT, POTATOES, COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA, SPICES, CRACKERS, CHEESE, TUBS, BRUSHES, BUCKETS, BROOMS, RAISINS, LEMONS, ORANGES, FIGS, DATES, COMBS, SOAPS, KNIVES, BUTTER, EGGS, CONFECTIONERIES, DRIED FRUIT, AND DRUGS OF ALL KINDS.

I invite the public to call and examine my stock, as I am determined to please in quality and price.

May 8, 1862-tf WM. H. PECIVAL.

$25] EMPLOYMENT! [$75

AGENTS WANTED!

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Particulars sent free. Address Erie Sewing Machine Company, E. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, Ohio.

Sept. 12-1y.]

DRIED APPLES.—The subscribers have a fine lot of bright yellow DRIED APPLES, bought at much less than market rates, and which they desire to close out, at cost and carriage, without delay.—Persons desiring to purchase, either at wholesale or retail, will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

Altoona, June 26, 1862.] MURPHY & McPIKE.

S. M. WOODKOK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Altoona, Penn's,

Will practice in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties. Being associated with CHARLES E. PLEASANT, Esq., Military and Claim Agent, of Washington City, he will devote special attention to the prosecution and collection of claims against the United States, including Pensions, Bounty Lands, Arrears of Pay for Services in the Army and Navy, and generally all business before any of the Departments.

Office on Virginia Street, 2 doors above Julia Street.

May 15, 1862-tf.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale EIGHT BUILDING LOTS, situate on the top of the hill, above the reservoir of the Altoona Gas & Water Company, being now held as property by the Presbyterian Church. The lots are fifty feet front by 175 feet deep, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Persons wishing to purchase or view these lots will receive all information concerning them by applying to Michael Clabaugh, R. H. McCormick, Alexander McCormick, or Chas. J. Mann, Trustees of Presbyterian Church. [Altoona, April 3, 1862.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS just received and for sale by

Oct. 15-tf J. B. HILEMAN

SAMUEL L. FRIES, STEPHEN WINTERS.

STOVES,

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that they have just received a large supply of STOVES of all Patterns, such as Cook, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves, which he will sell at the most reasonable prices. A large supply will always be kept on hand

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE, in great variety, always on hand.

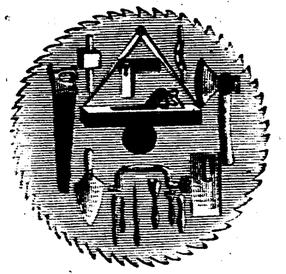
ROOFING & SPOUTING

put up on short notice.

They have also attached a copper-smithing room to their establishment and will keep on hand an assortment of copper and brass kettles, &c.

All kinds of job work promptly attended to.

HARDWARE.



The subscribers have added Hardware to their line of business, and are now prepared to supply anything in the Hardware and Cutlery line, such as Handsaws, Axes, Augers, Adzes, Chisels, Squares, Rules, Hammers, Planes, Hinges, Locks, Latches, Files, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c., &c., all of which they offer on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Persons wishing anything in the Hardware line are requested to call and examine their stock.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

☞ Store on Annie street, between Harriet and Adaline streets, East Ward, and on Virginia street, opposite Leeser's Drug Store, West Ward.

FRIES & WINTERS.

Altoona, Feb. 26, 1862.

POKED OUT AGAIN!

THE undersigned would respectfully solicit the patronage of the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, as he has again opened out

AT HIS OLD STAND,

on Virginia st., a few doors below the Sup't's Office, with an entirely new and fresh supply of

PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES,

such as

FLOUR, BACON, FISH, SALT, POTATOES, [illegible]SE, CORN-MEAL, MILL-FEED [illegible]ATS, RYE, CORN.

[illegible]O COFFEE, SUGAR, SYRUPS BAKING [illegible]BACCO, SEGARS, DRIED FRUIT, [illegible]ANDLES, SPICES, &c., &c.

[illegible] Wood & Ware, Stoneware, Notions [illegible] A large stock of

LIQUORS!

[illegible] with which he will be able to wait upon his customers in the best manner. No charge for examining my stock.

LOUIS PLACK.

Altoona, April 17, 1862.

NEW FIRM.—The subscribers take this method of announcing to the people of Altoona, and the Public generally, that they have opened a

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

in the room recently occupied by John Hileman. The business heretofore done by Mr. Hileman, will in the future be in the name of Roberts & Rutherford.

They will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of

Boots & Shoes,

GAITERS, SLIPPERS, &c., &c., &c.

which they will offer at fair prices and warrant to be of the best material and manufacture. Particular attention will be given to

CUSTOM WORK,

to which we warrant to give entire satisfaction as we buy the best stock and employ none but the best workmen.

Remember the old stand on Virginia Street, one door East of Kessler's Drug Store.

Oct. 10 1862-tf. JOHN H. ROBERTS. WM. H. RUTHERFORD.

ONWARD! EVER ONWARD!

STEP BY STEP!

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO inform his old customers and the public generally that he has this spring gone into the Dry Good business, and has just received a large and entirely new stock of

Dress Goods

For the Ladies, embracing all the latest, prettiest and most FASHIONABLE PATTERNS.

Also among which may be found every quality of goods, the names of which it would be too tedious to enumerate. In the line of pure, fresh and cheap

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

I will not "knock under" to any of my competitors. In this department I feel sure that I can render satisfaction.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, and the highest market price allowed.

Store on the corner of Annie and Hesen streets, East Altoona. THOMAS HESLOP.

Altoona, May 22, 1862.

COAL.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR EVERY family to get in their supply of coal for the Winter, and the subscriber would therefore inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that he is prepared to supply them, on short notice, with a superior article of ANTHRACITE and ALLEGHENY BITUMINOUS COAL. He will sell it by the Train Car, or Cart Load, or by the bushel, delivered at the door of the purchaser.

☞ Yard on the North side of the Railroad—upper end of Altoona Yard. H. B. MYERS.

July 25, 1861.-tf.

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE.—The undersigned is about starting a Tannery, and wishes to buy or trade for

400 CORDS

of good ROCK OAK BARK, and also for HIDES, for which the highest market price will be paid.

Altoona, April 17, '62-tf. LOUIS PLACK.

WM. S. BITTNER,

Dental Surgeon,

OFFICE IN MASONIC TEMPLE, next door to the Post Office.

J. G. ADLUM,

Notary Public,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman. October 1, 1857.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property*, of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office with Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co. T. CALDWELL, *Agent.*

Jan. 27, '59-tf

NEW AND IMPROVED STYLES of Trunks, Valises and Carpet-Bags, at LAUGHMAN'S.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF Gent's Model Improved SHIRTS—Cassimere and Muslin Shirts—fine and coarse—white and colored—at LAUGHMAN'S.

NEW WINTER READY MADE Clothing just received at LAUGHMAN'S.

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERVERS for sale at 1-tf. KESSLER'S.

AMERICAN Life Insurance and Trust Co.

COMPANY'S BUILDING Southeast Corner of Walnut and Fourth streets, Philad'a

Authorized Capital,	$500,000
Paid up Capital,	250,000
Assets,	1,897,746

Incorporated 1850, by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

Insures Lives during the Natural life or for short terms, grants annuities and endowments, and makes contracts of all kinds depending on the issues of life.

Policies of Life Insurance issued at the usual mutual rates of other good companies—with profits to the assured—last Boys January, 1861, being 42 per cent. of all premiums received on mutual policies—at Joint Stock rates, 20 per cent less than the above, or Total Abstinence rates 40 per cent. less than Mutual price. Also, a

NON-FORFEITURE PLAN.

By which a person pays for 5, 7, or 10 years only, when the policy is paid up for LIFE, and nothing more to pay; and should he be unable, or wish to discontinue sooner, the Company will issue a PAID UP POLICY, in proportion to the amount of premium paid, as follows:

On a Policy of $1,000, after payment of	5 Year rates.	7 Year rates.	10 Year rates.
1 Annual Premium, for	$200 00	$142 85	$100 00
2 " "	400 00	285 76	200 00
3 " "	600 00	571 40	400 00
4 " "	——	857 10	600 00
5 " "	——	——	800 00

ALEXANDER WHILLDIN, President.
SAMUEL WORK, Vice President.

JOHN S. WILSON, Secretary.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Alexander Whilldin,	J. Edgar Thomson,
Hon. Jas. Pollock,	Hon. Joseph Allison,
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Samuel T. Bodine,	H. H. Eldridge,
George Nugent,	John Aikman,
William J. Howard,	Chas. & F. Heazlitt,
Samuel Work.	

Any further information can be had by applying to the undersigned, who is the authorized agent for Blair County.

July 31, 1862 1y R. A. O. KERR.

JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,

The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!

I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to fill me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me in the corner room of the "Grant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.

Altoona, May 26-3m JACOB SNYDER.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS.

Unrivalled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the subscriber's, and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, as he pledges himself to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur to explode.

2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.

3d. That they are very easily trimmed.

4th. That they are more portable than any other Lamp with the same quantity of light.

5th. That they burn entirely without chimney.

6th. That the light is equal to the best Gas light, and other objections to Lamps, they will see for themselves.

These lamps are also beautifully adapted for the use of Stores, Manufactories, Saloons, Taverns, Hotels, Churches, Private Halls, and are highly recommended for Invalid use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old style Lamps, and thus fitted and so finished as to make a complete, handsome and durable lamp, for the small sum of $1 50, including the necessary burner.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Aug 28, 1862-tf. W. H. KESSLER.

Stoves, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

SPOUTING, &C.

S. RING WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of *Cooking, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves*, of all styles and sizes, to suit the wants of all, which he will sell at low prices, on reasonable terms.

He also keeps on hand a large stock of *Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware*, consisting of all articles for ordinary purposes—*Coal Scuttles, Stove Pipe, &c.*

He has also purchased the right of sale in Blair county, of E. V. JONES'

IMPROVED SAUSAGE STUFFER.

an invention which needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and should be possessed by every farmer, butcher or those requiring such a machine.

☞ Particular attention paid to putting up SPOUTING, either in town or country. Spouting painted and put up on the most reasonable terms. April 24, 1859-1y

MORE GOOD NEWS!

The undersigned has just received from the East a large and varied assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTING, material for FINE AND COARSE OVERCOATS, material for BOYS' CLOTHING.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, such as Undershirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Neck-ties, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.

All work ordered will be made up in the very best style, according to the latest fashions, on short notice.

Nov. 1, 1589-tf THOMAS ELWAY.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he hopes by strict attention to business to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Physicians and merchants supplied on reasonable terms, and all orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded.

NATIONAL POLICE GAZETTE.

This Great Journal of Crime and Criminals enters upon its Twelfth Year, and is widely circulated throughout the country. It contains all the Great Trials, Criminal Cases, and appropriate Editorials on the same, together with information on Criminal Matters, not to be found in any other newspaper.

☞ Subscriptions $2 per annum; $1 for six months, to be remitted by subscribers, (who should write their names and the town, county and State where they reside plainly,

To G. W. MAINELL & CO.,

Editor & Prop'r. of New York Police Gazette,

15-tf] New York.

CORELITE BASE.—Having purchased the right to manufacture the CORELITE BASE for ARTIFICIAL TEETH, I am now prepared to put up dentures on this new and beautiful base, which is far superior to the old style, as silver plate, it will not corrode or discolor. It contains no poisonous substance, and of course there is no galvanic action whereby metal plates often become obnoxious. Persons wishing a fine set of teeth will please call and examine specimens. W. S. BITTNER,

Jan. 2, 1862-tf] Office in Masonic Temple, Altoona.

OUR LADY FRIENDS WOULD do well to look in upon the choice and elegant assortment of Summer DRESS GOODS now displayed upon the well-filled shelves of MURPHY & McPIKE,

Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts.

Altoona, June 26, 1862.

PINE AND LARD OILS, CAMphene, Burning Fluid, Carbon Oil &c. at KESSLER'S.

Jan. 3, '56-tf]

ON HAND AT McCORMICK'S NEW —A splendid assortment of Ready-Made Clothing. Call and see. Nov. 1862.

GROCERIES.—A LARGE AND complete assortment of Groceries have just received at the store of J. B. HILEMAN

HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, SHAVING Paint, Sash and Varnish Brushes at KESSLER'S.

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING neatly and expeditiously executed at the "ALTOONA TRIBUNE" office.

HUTTER'S

STATE CAPITOL

Book Bindery,

AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY

No. 54 Market St., Harrisburg, Pa.

This establishment is chiefly devoted to the manufacture of Blank Books for Banks, County Offices, Railroad Companies, and private individuals. In all these it has a very best of stock and workmanship may be relied upon. Blank Books printed, ruled to any desired pattern. Sheriff's, Attorneys and Docket Dockets made of the best linen paper.

Librarians, and others, desiring to have their Books bound and at moderate prices, should give us a call. Newspapers of the largest sizes, Harper's Weekly, Illustrated Pictorial, Balloon, Scientific American, Leslie's, bound to order, and in any style required. Harper's Monthly Magazine, Knickerbocker, Blackwood's and Graham's Magazines, Godey's Lady's Book, Lady's Repository, Peterson's Magazine, Frank Moore, &c., bound in extra style, at the most plain and substantial manner. Pamphlets, Periodicals, Law Magazines, Pamphlet laws, bound in a neat and literary style, at very moderate prices. Persons having a number of volumes to bind, will receive a liberal discount. Binding can safely be sent to us from a distance by express, and all work entrusted to our care will be promptly executed, safely packed and returned. Having all the latest and most improved machinery, and employing none but the most skilful workmen, we feel confident that all work warranted. Address H. L. HUTTER,

☞ McCRUM & DERN, at the Tribune office, are our agents for Altoona, and vicinity. They will give information in relation to binding, and receive and return books free from extra charges, for all who entrust their work to my care. Harrisburg, Pa.

[illegible] HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS.

JOHN McKNIGHT, Successor to A. W. KINNEY,

Manufacturer of all kinds of PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL MARBLE WORK, Monuments, Tablets, Grave Stones, &c.

The

McCRUM & DERN,

VOL. 7.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

[illegible] B. McCRUM, H. C. [illegible]

PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

[illegible] per annum, (payable invariably in advance,.....

All papers discontinued at the expiration of the [illegible] paid for.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion	2 do.
Four lines or less	$ 25	$ 37½
One square, (8 lines)	50	75
Two " (16 ")	1 00	1 50
Three " (24 ")	1 50	2 00

Over three weeks and less than three months, 2[illegible] per square for each insertion.

	3 months.	6 months
Six lines or less	$ 1 50	$ 3 00
One square,	2 50	4 00
Two "	4 00	6 00
Three "	5 00	8 00
Four "	6 00	10 00
Half a column	10 00	14 00
One column	14 00	25 00

Administrators and Executors Notices.....

Merchants advertising by the year, three squares [illegible] with liberty to change.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding [illegible] lines with paper, per year.....

Communications of a political character or individual will be charged according to the above rates.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to the above terms.

Marriage notices five cents per line for every insertion. Obituary notices five cents per line for every insertion, Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL

ESTABLISHED AS A REFUGE FROM QUACKERY.

The Only Place Where a Cure Can be Obtained.

DR. JOHNSON has discovered a most Certain, Speedy and only Effectual Remedy in the world for all Private Diseases, Weakness of the Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Prostration, Nervousness, Dyspepsy, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat,